## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

## A. Section Includes:

- 1. Hanger, support and anchoring requirements for plumbing and mechanical appliances, equipment, and related distribution systems.
- 2. Building wall, floor, and roof penetration methods for the routing of plumbing and mechanical distributions systems (e.g., sleeving and sealants).

# B. Related Sections:

- 1. 019100 Commissioning
- 2. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 3. 200548 Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Control
- 4. 200553 Mechanical Identification
- 5. 200700 Mechanical Insulation
- 6. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 7. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties
- 8. 224000 Plumbing Fixtures
- 9. 226300 Medical Gas Systems
- 10. 231123 Fuel Gas Piping and Specialties
- 11. 232113 Hydronic Piping and Specialties
- 12. 232123 Hydronic Pumps
- 13. 233100 Ducts and Accessories
- 14. 233400 HVAC Fans
- 15. 233600 Air Terminal Units
- 16. 233700 Air Outlets and Inlets
- 17. 237416 Packaged Rooftop Units
- 18. 238200 Terminal Heating Units

# 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. The building structure shall be designed to support the weight of plumbing and mechanical appliances, equipment, and distribution systems (non-structural components), as well as related seismic and wind forces in accordance with ASCE/SEI.
- B. See Structural drawings for appliance and equipment housekeeping pad material, construction, and attachment. Actual housekeeping pad locations, dimensions and through penetrations shall be coordinated with approved appliance and equipment base dimensions, weights, and anchoring requirements using the product submittal and shop drawing process.

# 1.3 REFERENCES

#### A. Codes and Standards:

- 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. MSS SP69 Pipe Hangers and Supports Selection and Application.
- 3. MSS SP89 Pipe Hangers and Supports Fabrication and Installation Practices.
- 4. ASCE/SEI 7-16 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures Chapter 13 (Anchorage Requirements) and Chapter 29 (Wind Load Requirements).

# B. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:

- 1. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical related definitions.
- 2. Refer to Mechanical Drawings legend sheet for general mechanical related abbreviations.

#### 1.4 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section applies to Division 20, 21, 22, 23, 25 equipment and systems:
  - Support fire suppression system piping and equipment in accordance with Section 211000
     Water Based Fire Suppression Systems.
  - 2. Support plumbing piping, appliances, and equipment in accordance with this section and Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC) requirements as applicable, whichever is more restrictive. In case of conflicts, follow UPC criteria.
  - 3. Support mechanical system piping, appliances, and equipment in accordance with this section and International Mechanical Code (IMC) requirements as applicable, whichever is more restrictive. In case of conflicts, follow IMC criteria.
  - 4. Support ductwork in accordance with Section 233100 Ducts and Accessories.
  - 5. Provide additional seismic restraint as required for mechanical and plumbing appliances, equipment, and related distribution systems in accordance with 20 0548 Vibration and Seismic Control.

# B. Design Requirements:

- 1. Equipment and piping system support:
  - a. Select and apply pipe hangers and supports per MSS SP58 using stock or production parts whenever possible.
  - b. Design support spacing such that free span of piping does not exceed Code or MSS SP69 criteria, whichever is most restrictive.
  - c. Calculate required supporting force at each hanger location to confirm hanger type and hanger rod diameter selection.
  - d. Provide hangers such that equipment connection points do not carry connected piping load.
  - e. When possible, adjust hanger spacing, hanger rod length/diameter to meet the seismic design exclusion criteria of ASCE/SEI 7 to minimize the need for additional seismic restraint.

- 2. Vibration and seismic restraint systems: If the exclusion criteria of ASCE/SEI 7 cannot be met, provide additional seismic support as required for mechanical and plumbing appliances, equipment, and related distribution systems in accordance with 20 0548 Vibration and Seismic Control.
- 3. Building Design Criteria:
  - a. This project is not designated as an essential facility.
  - b. Wind design data: See Structural Design Criteria Schedule.
  - c. Seismic design data: See Structural Design Criteria Schedule.
  - d. Component Importance Factors, Ip:
    - 1). Fire suppression systems: Ip = 1.5
    - 2). Fuel gas system: Ip = 1.5
    - 3). Piping Importance Factor: Ip = 1.0
    - 4). All other components: Ip = 1.0
- C. General Performance Requirements:
  - 1. Plumbing and mechanical distribution systems as shown are semi-diagrammatic.
  - 2. Provide additional hangers, expansion loops, pipe anchors and pipe guide assemblies as required based on actual (as-built) distribution system layout/routing.
  - 3. Coordinate hanger and support anchor locations and methods with structural.
  - 4. Provide hangers and supports that allow for the free expansion and contraction of system piping without transferring tensile and compressive stresses to adjacent supports or connected equipment.
- D. Special Performance Requirements for Open Ceiling Spaces:
  - 1. Coordinate the support of piping, ductwork, lighting, and electrical cabling in open ceiling spaces (utilizing the shop drawing review process) to provide a uniform and symmetrical appearance.
  - 2. In general, utilize trapeze hanger style support systems with hangers equally spaced based on the limiting component being supported. Provide hanger rods vertical and straight. Trim hanger rood ends to provide a "finished" appearance.
- E. Equipment and Systems Subject to Wind Loading: Provide equipment anchorage and additional support in accordance with the manufactures recommended installation requirements, as well as ASCE/SEI 7 anchorage and wind load requirements (e.g., roof mounted equipment).

# 1.5 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed.

## B. Product Data:

- 1. Provide manufacturers catalog data, including load capacity, embedment depth.
- 2. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and assembly of components.

# C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Submit dimensioned shop drawings for housekeeping pads and roof curbs (with dimensioned penetration locations).
- 2. Submit shop drawings for field fabricated support systems.
- 3. For plumbing and mechanical distributions system shop drawings.
  - a. Overlay locations and types of hangers and supports to be provided.
  - b. Include details for each hanger and support type with anchorage requirements.
  - c. Dimension expansion loops and alignment guide locations and offsets.
  - d. Coordinate additional seismic and vibration isolation requirements with Section 20 0548 Vibration and Seismic Control.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

# A. Record Documentation:

- 1. Indicate installed locations of hangers, supports and expansion control assemblies on record drawings on associated piping record drawings.
- 2. Provide Operating and Maintenance Data (installation and adjustment instructions) for non-commodity products.

# 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

# A. Qualifications:

- 1. Manufacturer: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum 3 years documented experience.
- 2. Installers: Minimum 3 years' experience.
- 3. Provide piping and support systems designed and manufactured per MSS SP69.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

# A. General:

- 1. Piping and support systems materials: Malleable iron, steel, or copper.
- 2. Ferrous hangers and supports installed outdoors or in unheated spaces shall be hot dipped galvanized.
- 3. Select and apply pipe hangers and supports per MSS SP69. Use stock or production parts whenever possible.
- 4. Fabricate and install pipe hangers and supports per MSS SP69 recommended practices.
- 5. Hangers shall securely lock using a mechanical fastener. Hangers and supports using gravity type locking are not acceptable. For example, adjustable swivel ring Type 6 is not allowed.
- 6. Pre-engineered support systems such as Unistrut, Super-Strut, B-Line and K-Line may be used in accordance with manufacturers load limits.
- 7. Manufacturers: Grinnell, M-CO Michigan Hanger Company, Kin Line.

# B. Plumbing Piping:

- 1. Conform to the Uniform Plumbing Code requirements.
- 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Adjustable swivel ring; split ring.
- 3. Hangers for DWV and Cold Pipe Sizes two inch and over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 4. Hangers for Hot Pipe sizes two to four inch: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 5. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers under six inches: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- 6. Wall Supports: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
- 7. Floor Support for Cold Pipe: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and steel support.
- 8. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- 9. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

# C. Hydronic Piping:

- 1. Conform to ASME B31.9 and the International Mechanical Code.
- 2. Hangers for Pipe Sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Adjustable swivel ring; split ring.
- 3. Hangers for Hot Pipe sizes two to four inch: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 4. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- 5. Wall Support: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
- 6. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- 7. Floor Support for Cold Pipe: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and steel support.
- 8. Floor Support for Hot Pipe Sizes up to four inches: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and steel support.
- 9. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.

# D. Refrigerant Piping:

- 1. Conform to ASME B31.5.
- 2. Hangers for pipe sizes 1/2 to 1-1/2 inch: Adjustable swivel ring, split ring.
- 3. Hangers for pipe sizes two inches and over: Carbon steel, adjustable, clevis.
- 4. Multiple or Trapeze Hangers: Steel channels with welded spacers and hanger rods.
- 5. Wall Support: Welded steel bracket and wrought steel clamp.
- 6. Vertical Support: Steel riser clamp.
- 7. Floor Support: Cast iron adjustable pipe saddle, lock nut, nipple, floor flange, and steel support.
- 8. Provide copper plated hangers and supports for copper piping. Copper Pipe Support: Carbon steel ring, adjustable, copper plated.
- 9. Pre-insulated pipe hanger inserts to permit continuous insulation at the pipe hangers: Armaflex, Model IPPH or equal.

# 2.2 DUCTWORK, FLUES, STACKS, AND BREECHINGS HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide hangers and supports for ductwork in accordance with Section 233100 Ducts and Accessories.
- B. Provide hangers, supports, and/or guy wires as applicable for flues, stacks, and breechings in accordance with Section 235100 Breechings, Chimneys and Stacks.

# 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Hanger Rods: Mild steel, threaded both ends, threaded one end, or continuous threaded.
- B. Escutcheons: Nickel or chrome plate with screws or springs for holding plate in position.
- C. Pipe Protection Saddles: Shop fabricated or purchase specially manufactured saddles specifically designed for the intended use. Provide saddles where roller type support is used, or where the pipe hanger is installed outside the insulation for protection of insulating jacket.
- D. Outdoor applications: Metal components shall be galvanized.

## 2.4 INSERTS

- A. Provide inserts to match the load bearing capacity of hangers.
- B. Provide hooked rod to concrete reinforcement section for inserts carrying pipe over 4 inch diameter.
- C. Concrete deck inserts: Galvanized rod, steel plate, similar to Kin-Line Figure 293.
- D. Screw insert for concrete: Malleable iron similar to Grinnell Figure 152.

# 2.5 PRE-ENGINEERED SUPPORT SYSTEMS

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Unistrut.
- 2. Super-Strut.
- 3. B-Line.
- 4. K-Line.
- 5. Erico.
- 6. Approved equal.

## B. Materials and Finish:

- 1. Heated Indoor Applications:
  - a. Carbon steel with pre-galvanized zinc (PG) finish.
  - b. Carbon steel with plain (PL), paintable galvanized, or phosphatized and primed when welding or painting will be required.
- 2. Outdoor and Unheated Applications:
  - a. Carbon steel with hot dipped galvanized zinc (HG) finish. Coat field cuts with zinc rich paint provide by the support system manufacturer.
  - b. Stainless steel (Type 304) where specifically specified for use in damp, corrosive, or marine environments.
- C. Special Finishes for Surface Metal Raceways: High performance epoxy coating (e.g., Unistrut Perma-Green III).
- D. Channel:
  - 1. Standard Size: 1-5/8 inch x 1-5/8 inch. Gauge thickness as required for attached load.
  - 2. Standard Hole Pattern: Slotted. Provide solid channel in exposed public areas.
- E. Fittings: Match channel material and finish.
- F. Nuts and Hardware:
  - 1. Channel nuts: Hardened steel (ASTM-A675 and ASTM A36).
  - 2. Bolts, screws, and nuts: Hardened steel (ASTM-A307, ASTM A563 and SAE J429).
  - 3. Material and Finish:
    - a. Heated indoor applications: Electro-galvanized (EG).
    - b. Outdoor applications: Hot-dipped galvanized (HG). Stainless steel (Type 304) where specifically specified for use in damp, corrosive, or marine environments.
- G. Mechanical Accessories: Provide accessories from the support system manufacturer designed for the specific equipment to be supported to include but not limited to:

- 1. Pre-insulated pipe hanger inserts to permit continuous insulation at the pipe clamps: Unistrut model PUX, Armaflex model IPPH.
- 2. Splice and gusset plates.
- 3. Corner angles.
- 4. Specialized support brackets.
- 5. Beam clamps with restraints.
- 6. Column supports.
- 7. Strut pipe clamps.
- 8. Straps.
- 9. Brackets.

# 2.6 PIPING ROOF SUPPORTS (NON-PENETRATING)

# A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Cooper Industries (Dura-Blok).
- 2. Miro Industries, Inc.
- 3. Pipe Pier.
- 4. Mifab.
- B. Resilient, non-abrasive, UV resistant base. Galvanized steel channel and clamps. Zinc plated, adjustable hardware. Compatible with roof system.
- C. Roof supports shall be provided to maintain piping a minimum of 3-1/2 inches above the roof surface.

## 2.7 SEISMIC RESTRAINT SYSTEMS

A. See Section 200548 - Vibration and Seismic Control.

# 2.8 SLEEVES, ACOUSTICAL SEALS AND FIRE-STOPPING

- A. Fabricate sleeves in non-load bearing walls from 20-gauge galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM A924 / A924M.
- B. Fabricate sleeves in load-bearing walls from standard-weight galvanized steel pipe conforming to ASTM A53 / A53M.
- C. Provide UL listed prefabricated fire rated sleeves and seals for pipes through fire rated and fire resistive floors and walls.

## 2.9 FRAMED OPENINGS

- A. Provide structural steel members for framed openings conforming to ASTM A36 / A36M.
- B. Closure Collars:

- 1. For round and rectangular ducts with a minimum dimension less than 16 inches, fabricate collars from 20 gauge galvanized steel.
- 2. For round and rectangular ducts with a minimum dimension of 16 inches or greater, fabricate collars from 18 gauge galvanized steel.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Visually inspect appliances, equipment and distribution systems requiring anchorage/attachment to structure for installation location tolerance, interference and other conditions affecting installation.
- B. Verify actual locations of cast-in-place anchors, structure reinforcements and other required attachments prior to installation.
- C. Document and correct deficiencies or submit proposed design modifications for approval prior to the installation.
- D. Note if Project contains cast in place radiant floor heating tubing. Coordinate slab penetration locations so as to not damage tubing.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prior to installation, prepare detailed shop drawings of the planned installation of hanger and support products specified by this section. Coordinate the location, type and size of hangers and supports, housekeeping pads (thickness/perimeter overhang dimensions) and roof curbs with Architectural and Structural elements utilizing the shop drawing review process.
- B. If exclusion criteria of ASCE/SEI 7 cannot be met, coordinate and provide additional seismic support as required for mechanical and plumbing appliances, equipment, and related distribution systems in accordance with 200548 Vibration and Seismic Control.
- C. Submit shop drawings required by this section coordinated with the seismic design as required.
- D. Do not install hangers and supports without approved shop drawings.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

## A. Attachment:

- 1. Hollow masonry: Toggle bolts.
- 2. Solid masonry and concrete: Preset inserts or expansion bolts.
- 3. Structural steel: Beam clamps which engage both sides of structural member or have retaining clips or other approved means for positive engagement.

- 4. Metal surfaces: Machine screws, bolts, or welding.
- 5. Wood construction: Wood or sheet metal screws.
- 6. Do not use powder-actuated fasteners for anchorage in tension applications. Obtain written permission from the Owner prior to using any type of powder powered studs.
- 7. Plastic screw inserts and caulked lead inserts are prohibited, except for mounting instructions and control diagrams.

# B. Pipe Hangers and Supports:

- 1. Install hangers and supports in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, applicable code requirements and approved shop drawings.
- 2. Pipe Support: Provide pipe support spacing as indicated in the table below, except where spacing is more restrictive by Code.

PIPE SIZE (Inches)	HANGER SPACING MAX (Feet )				
	Steel		Copper	PE, CPVC (1)	
	Water Filled Gas Filled				
1/2	7	9	5		
3/4	7	9	5		
1	7	9	6		
1-1/4	7	9	7		
1-1/2	9	12	8		
2	10	13	8		
2-1/2	11	14	9		
3	12	15	10		
4	14	17	12		
6	17	21	14		
8	19	24	16		

(Based on Table 4, MSS SP-69, except for PE piping)

- (1) (Based on manufacturer's data)
- 3. Independently support piping at equipment, such that the equipment supports no weight.
- 4. Insulated piping: Coordinate with Section 200700 Mechanical Insulation. Provide insulation saddles or 18 gauge steel insulation shields combined with sections of calcium silicate or cellular glass or provide pre-insulated pipe hanger inserts to permit continuous insulation at the pipe hangers or clamps.
  - a. Support cold piping outside the insulation and vapor barrier where continuous vapor barrier is specified.
  - b. Subject to approval, hot piping may be insulated around the supports.

- 5. Provide trapeze hangers when more than three pipes run parallel and at same elevation.
- 6. Provide roller supports for hot pipes. Provide saddles where roller type support is used, or where the pipe hanger is installed outside insulation for protection of insulating jacket.
- 7. Design rods and cross members to support three times the weight of pipes and contents plus 250 pounds.
- 8. Install hangers to provide minimum 1/2-inch space between finished covering and adjacent work
- 9. Place hangers within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow.
- 10. Use hangers with 1-1/2 inch minimum vertical adjustment.
- 11. Support horizontal cast iron pipe adjacent to each hub, with five feet maximum spacing between hangers.
- 12. Support riser piping independent of connected horizontal piping.

# C. Piping requiring Vibration Isolation:

- 1. Support main risers less than 20 feet in height only at mid-level, with riser guides at other levels
- 2. Do not support vibration isolated piping along with non-isolated piping on a common trapeze.
- 3. Rigidly mount steel spring hanger boxes to the supporting structure. Do not locate in the middle of the hanger rod.
- 4. Rigid pipe anchors are not permitted in vibration isolated piping circuits. When pipe anchors are required.

# D. Equipment Bases and Supports:

- 1. For cast-in-place concrete requirements refer to Division 3 Concrete.
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, provide 3-1/2 inch high (2x4 form) reinforced concrete housekeeping pads with 8 inches minimum extended, chamfered edge beyond base frame in all directions for floor mounted appliances and equipment. Where exterior isolators are used, this distance is measured from the outermost holes in the isolator base plate to the edge of the housekeeping pad.
- 3. Provide 5-1/2 inch high (2x6 form) reinforced concrete housekeeping pads for larger and heavier equipment to include fuel oil day tanks, steam generators, boilers, buffer tanks, water heaters, air compressors, expansion tanks, water cooled chillers and heat pumps, water storage tanks, pressure tanks, and kitchen makeup air unit MAU-2. Pads shall extend 8 inches minimum beyond equipment as noted above.
- 4. The 8-inch extended edge beyond base frame dimension may be reduced to 6 inches minimum with approved anchorage calculations.
- 5. Construct field fabricated equipment bases and supports from steel members and/or preengineered support systems. Prime and paint bases and supports black in accordance with Division 9 Finishes.
- 6. Pre-engineered support systems which are factory coated are not required to be painted.

## E. Roof Curbs:

- 1. Coordinate field fabricated roof curb locations and dimensional and support requirements for roof mounted equipment with Architectural and Structural.
- 2. Pre-engineered roof curbs are specified with the equipment being mounted. See applicable specification sections.

# F. Equipment and Systems Subject to Wind Loads:

- 1. Provide equipment anchorage and additional support in accordance with the manufactures recommended installation requirements, as well as ASCE/SEI 7 anchorage and wind load requirements.
- 2. As applicable, provide wind restraint systems (e.g., guy wires, etc.) in compliance with the manufacturer's written instructions, and certified and approved application engineering installation details.
- 3. Install wind restraints so as not to stress or misalign equipment, piping, and ductwork.

#### G. Penetrations:

- 1. Coordinate mechanical penetrations with architectural and structural construction details prior to installation. Set sleeves in position in concrete formwork. Provide reinforcement around sleeves as required.
- 2. Provide compatible materials, fasteners, adhesives, sealants, and other products required for proper installation.
- 3. Provide penetrations through roof, exterior walls, and floors (See floor penetration seals) to be weather and watertight.
- 4. Provide UL rated fire-stopping assemblies for rated roof, wall and floor penetrations in accordance with Division 07.
- 5. Seal penetrations through smoke partitions and barriers to resist the passage of smoke.
- 6. Sleeves:
  - a. Provide sleeves for pipe and round ducts less than 16 inches diameter passing through floors, walls, ceilings, or roofs.
  - b. Provide 1 inch clearance between the pipe or duct and sleeve opening. Oversize sleeves for cold piping to allow continuous insulation through sleeve. Coordinate with UL listed firestop through penetration details.

# 7. Framed Openings:

- a. Provide framed openings for round ducts 16 inch diameter and greater and rectangular ductwork passing through floors, walls, ceilings, or roofs.
- b. Provide 1 inch clearance between the duct and framed opening.
- c. Provide closure collars not less than 4 inches wide on each side of penetration.
- d. Escutcheons: Provide escutcheons for ductwork, piping, and conduit passing through walls, floors, and ceilings in finished areas, below counters and inside closets and casework subject to view when doors are open. Size escutcheons to cover sleeves. Secure escutcheons in position.

# 8. Wall Penetration Seals:

- a. Provide pre-engineered wall penetration water seal systems for exterior wall penetrations.
- b. Select appropriate wall penetration sealing systems based on pipe/conduit material and nominal pipe/conduit size in accordance with the manufacturer's selection charts
- c. Install piping/conduit and sealing system prior to waterproofing the wall. Grout void between water seal and outside face of foundation wall to provide continuous bearing surface for waterproofing fabric.

## 9. Floor Penetration Seals:

- a. Provide pre-engineered floor penetration water seal systems for floor penetrations in rooms where a pipe leak/failure could result in water damage to adjacent spaces (i.e. mechanical rooms located above the ground floor or basement) and other areas as noted.
- b. Floor penetrations to include but not limited to: Building service piping, conduit, ductwork and building automation system wiring.
- c. Extend floor penetration sleeves 2 inches above finished floor.
- 10. Roof Flashing: Provide roof penetration and roof curb flashing in accordance with Division 07 as an integral part of the roofing system.

#### 3.4 INTERFACE WITH OTHER WORK

A. Coordinate and sequence installation of hangers and supports with trades responsible for portions of this and other related sections of the Project Manual

# 3.5 REPAIR/RESTORATION

- A. Repair any product components broken during installation or startup with replacement parts supplied by the product manufacturer.
- B. Substitute replacement parts from other manufacturers are not acceptable.

# 3.6 SITE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Non-Conforming Work: Rework required as a result of failure to follow the manufacturer's written installation instructions or to properly coordinate with related Work shall be completed at no additional expense to the Owner.

## 3.7 CLEANING

A. Waste Management: After construction is completed, clean and wipe down exposed surfaces.

END OF SECTION 200529

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

## A. Section Includes:

1. Section Includes: Performance requirements for the design, product selection and installation of seismic and vibration control anchors, bracing and supports for nonstructural mechanical, electrical, and plumbing (MEP) system components.

## B. Related Divisions and Sections:

- 1. Divisions 20, 21, 22, 23, 25 Mechanical
- 2. Divisions 26, 27 and 28 Electrical

## 1.2 RELATED WORK

A. The building structure shall be designed to support the weight of the projects non-structural components, as well as related seismic and wind forces in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7.

# 1.3 REFERENCES

#### A. Codes and Standards:

- 1. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general Code and Standard references.
- 2. ASCE/SEI 7-16 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures.

# B. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:

- 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements and Section 260000 Electrical General Requirements for general abbreviations, acronyms, and definitions.
- 2. See Mechanical and Electrical Drawings (Legend and Abbreviations).
- 3. Seismic Design Firm (SDF): A firm specializing in the design, manufacturing, testing and certification of vibration and seismic restraint systems (and their individual components) for attachment and support of building mechanical and electrical equipment and associated distribution systems. The SDF provides certification that it's manufactured vibration and seismic restraint systems are seismically qualified for service by analysis, testing and/or experience data in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7, Chapter 13.
- 4. Seismic Design Firm Representative: Structural engineer regularly employed by the SDF. Proficient in the design and proper application of seismically qualified (certified) vibration and seismic control attachments and support systems for building mechanical and electrical equipment and distribution systems.

- 5. Seismic Design Engineer (SDE): Alaska licensed professional structural engineer with advanced formal education and training in structural engineering relating to seismic design. Responsible for the design, field certification and as-built drawing documentation of the project's vibration and seismic control design.
- 6. Project Structural Engineer: The project's structural design engineer of record.

# 1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION AND CRITERIA

# A. Design Requirements:

- 1. Provide vibration isolation and seismic control anchoring and support system products and application design and installation supervision services from a single pre-approved product manufacturer/Seismic Design Firm (SDF) and/or an Alaska licensed Structural Design Engineer serving as the SDE.
- 2. Note that the project's structural design engineer of record may serve as the SDE.
- 3. Provide the design to anchor, brace, and support the facility's non-structural components and associated distribution systems, including pre-engineered equipment, to the building's structure in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 Chapter 13 (Seismic).
- B. Building Design Data: See Section 200529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports
- C. Performance Requirements are the responsibility of the SDE and include:
  - 1. Review the contract documents to determine the scope of the vibration and seismic control design for the project.
  - 2. Work with the Contractor and provide recommendations regarding the physical routing of mechanical and electrical distribution systems to limit the need for additional seismic support. See ASCE/SEI 7, Section 13.6 Exceptions.
  - 3. Define the mechanical and electrical components and distribution systems which will require vibration and seismic support to comply with ASCE/SEI 7.
  - 4. Provide professional engineering seismic design force calculations, associated design drawings, details and selected products to be used to provide the necessary vibration isolation and/or seismic restraint at each required location.
  - 5. Coordinate vibration and seismic design force conditions with Project Structural Engineer and incorporate adjustments necessary to avoid overstressing the building structure.
  - 6. Submit vibration and seismic design for review by the Owner's Representative for approval.
  - 7. Supply and deliver packaged vibration isolation and seismic restraint products with detailed installation instructions to the project site.
  - 8. Provide onsite training to the Contractor to ensure the proper installation and performance of the project's vibration and seismic control systems.
  - 9. Review MEP product submittals for products which include factory provided vibration isolation and/or seismic restraint component(s) for compliance with the seismic design. Provide written review comments.
  - 10. Provide field certification that the project's vibration isolation and seismic attachments and supports installation is complete and conforms to the approved vibration and seismic control design.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 200000 General Mechanical Requirements and Section 260000 General Electrical Requirements for general submittal requirements.
- B. Submit Quality Assurance qualifications for:
  - 1. Seismic Design Firm (SDF).
  - 2. Seismic Design Engineer (SDE).
  - 3. Vibration isolation and seismic restraint product manufacturer.
  - 4. Mechanical, electrical, and plumbing trade installers.
  - 5. Contractor's Statement of Responsibility.
- C. Submit stamped engineering design for the project's vibration isolation and seismic design by a qualified, Alaska licensed professional structural engineer to include:
  - 1. Support and attachment (or anchoring) detail drawings for each application.
  - 2. Product selection, size, and installation configuration for each application.
  - 3. Seismic design force data, assumptions, and calculations for each application.
  - 4. Coordination requirements for topping slabs for embedded mechanical or electrical systems (e.g., radiant tubing, conduit, sensors).
  - 5. Include evidence of coordination with Project Structural Engineer.
- D. Submit vibration and seismic control design as a single submittal package. For larger projects, the vibration and seismic control submittal may be broken down into multiple smaller submittal packages, with each package covering a specific area of the building (e.g., Area A First Floor, Penthouse Mechanical Room, etc.).

#### E. Product Data:

- 1. Annotated product catalog cutsheets and/or data sheets for the selected vibration isolation and seismic restraint products to be provided.
- 2. Detailed schedules of flexible and rigidly mounted equipment, showing vibration isolators and restraints by referencing numbered descriptive drawings.
- F. For Seismic Design Categories C thru F:
  - 1. Life Safety Components: Submit approved agencies' Analytical or Shaker Test "Certificate of Compliance" certificates.
  - 2. Components Needed for the Continued Operation of the Facility: Submit approved agencies' Analytical or Shaker Test "Certificate of Compliance" certifications.
  - 3. Components Containing Hazardous or Flammable Materials: Submit approved agencies' Analytical or Shaker Test "Certificate of Compliance" certificates. Testing shall prove that no internal component will rupture to ensure against loss of hazardous or flammable (explosive) material which could support combustion, ignition or cause contamination.
  - 4. Use of historical data is permitted if evidence confirms historical based component having the same construction and weight with accompanying center of gravity as the submitted unit and basis of historical claim conforms to loads derived in testing with accompanying accelerations based on ICC-ES AC-156, "Acceptance Criteria for Seismic Certification by Shake-table Testing of Nonstructural Components."

5. Components not listed and requiring only anchorage and load transfer compliance: The SDE shall submit stamped engineering calculations, drawings, and details to support the project specific equipment will accept anchorage through the component's load path to structure at its center of gravity, at the designated anchorage locations.

#### G. Substitutions:

- 1. The proposed substitution equipment manufacturer shall provide a letter certifying that the equipment's packaged or recommended vibration isolation and seismic restraint methods comply with the requirements of this specification. Letters from field offices or representatives are not acceptable.
- 2. The cost associated with converting to the specified vibration isolation and/or seismic restraints method shall be borne by the Contractor in the event of non-compliance.
- H. Shop Drawings. Submit floor plan shop drawings which include and identify the locations of:
  - 1. Approved major mechanical and electrical system components.
  - 2. Vibration isolated components and systems.
  - 3. Mechanical and electrical distribution systems.
  - 4. Identify building seismic joint locations and calculated displacement at each floor level.
  - 5. Identify exempt components and distribution systems in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 Chapter 13.
  - 6. Identify vibration isolation and seismic control attachment and support locations with reference to applicable detail drawing(s).

# I. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:

- 1. Contractor's Quality Assurance and Quality Control procedures for the administration and tracking of special inspections and testing.
- 2. Design Data and Test Reports.
- 3. Certificates and Manufacturer's Instructions.
- 4. SDF qualifications and E&O insurance certificate.
- 5. SDE professional license and seismic engineering qualifications.
- 6. Authority Having Jurisdiction submittal review comments and final approval notification.
- 7. Manufacturer's Field Reports.
- 8. SDF and/or SDE certification of the correctness of completed installation.
- J. Installation, Operation and Maintenance (IO&M) Manual:
  - 1. Provide a copy of the manufacturer's written installation, operation, and maintenance manual to include the following information:
    - a. Manufacturer's descriptive literature neatly annotated to clearly indicate information applicable to the equipment installed.
    - b. Certified seismic design calculations and installation details.

#### K. Close-out Submittals:

- 1. Project record drawings: Annotate a clean copy of the project Contract Drawings to clearly indicate the actual installation location of each vibration and seismic restraint device type and keyed to the appropriate installation detail.
- 2. Provide a certificate from the Manufacturer's Representative indicating that the vibration and seismic restraint systems of the facility are installed and operational as designed.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with a minimum of five years documented experience.
- B. Installers' qualifications: Minimum five years' experience in the installation of specialized vibration and seismic control systems.
- C. SDF qualifications: Minimum five (5) years' experience in the design, selection, and inspection of specialized seismic control systems for facilities with similar occupancies and seismic criteria and acceptable to the Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- D. SDE qualifications: Minimum five (5) years documented seismic engineering experience and acceptable to the Authority Having Jurisdiction.
- E. Errors and Omissions Insurance Certificate: Submit copy of SDF/SDE E&O insurance certificate(s). Product liability insurance certificates are not acceptable.

# F. Pre-Installation Meetings:

- 1. Conduct a coordination meeting prior to the installation of vibration isolation and seismic restraint equipment.
- 1. Discuss the equipment and systems affected by this Section and the method to be used to coordinate the installation and inspection of vibration isolation and seismic restraint equipment.
- 2. Conduct additional meetings as required to coordinate the work.
- 3. The meeting will be attended by:
  - a. The Contractor.
  - b. Contractor's Commissioning Representative (if appliable).
  - c. Trade foremen for the systems affected by the work.
  - d. The SDF representative.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

# 1.8 WARRANTY

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Seismic Design Firms (SDF):
  - 1. ISAT/Kinetics Noise Control.
  - 2. Mason Industries.
  - 3. Vibration Mountings & Controls (VMC Group).
  - 4. Pre-approved equal.
- B. Vibration Isolation and Seismic Restraint Products:
  - 1. International Seismic Application Technology (ISAT) (Seismic Restraint).
  - 2. Kinetics Noise Control (Vibration Isolation).
  - 3. Mason Industries.
  - 4.
  - 5. Vibration Mountings & Controls (VMC Group).
  - 6. Hilti.
  - 7. Unistrut, Tyco International.
  - 8. Other: Pre-approved.

## 2.2 FINISHES

- A. Product finishes for corrosion protection:
  - 1. Exposed steel to be stainless steel, galvanized, or finished with dry powder coating.
  - 2. Hardware: Zinc electroplated, galvanized, or stainless steel.
  - 3. Hardware in contact with concrete and surfaces subject to liquids shall be stainless steel.
  - 4. Springs and housings shall be powder coated.
- B. In public areas, exposed support systems and elements shall be painted, excluding dynamic assemblies which shall have manufacturer's coating:
  - 1. Clean and prepare pipe, fittings, hangers, restraints, supports, and miscellaneous items for areas to be painted.
  - 2. Refer to the requirements specified in Division 09.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Visually inspect appliances, equipment and distribution systems requiring vibration isolation and/or seismic restraint for installation location tolerance, interference and other conditions affecting installation.

- B. Verify actual locations of cast-in-place anchors, structure reinforcements and other required attachments prior to installation.
- C. Document and correct deficiencies or submit proposed design modifications for approval prior to the installation.
- D. Note if Project contains cast in place radiant floor heating tubing. Coordinate slab penetration locations so as to not damage tubing.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. When possible, and without compromising distribution system performance or maintenance/replacement accessibility, route distribution systems such as to limit the extent of seismic support required in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7 Chapter 13, Section 13.6 Exemptions.
- B. When the exemption requirements of ASCE/SEI 7 cannot be met, provide vibration isolation and seismic restraint in accordance with the appliable sections of Section 13.6. and the following:
  - 1. Install seismic control systems in compliance with the approved seismic design drawings and details and approved product manufacturer's written instruction instructions.
  - 2. Install seismic control so as not to stress or misalign equipment, piping, or ductwork.
  - 3. Provide flexible connections for piping, ductwork, and conduit connections to vibration isolated equipment.
  - 4. Do not install rigid connections directly between vibration isolated equipment and the building structure.
  - 5. Seismic restraint systems shall not interfere with installation or maintenance access to other building systems.
  - 6. Install seismic cable assemblies taut on non-vibration isolated systems.
  - 7. Install seismic cable assemblies with a slight amount of slack for vibration isolated systems to avoid sound shorts.
  - 8. Seismic single arm braces may be used in place of cables on rigidly attached systems and in place of cables on isolated systems when resilient bushings are used.
  - 9. Conduct Special and Periodic Inspections in accordance with FIELD QUALITY CONTROL article requirements.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT

- A. Install indoor floor mounted equipment on raised reinforced concrete housekeeping pads. Extend pads beyond equipment base rails/floor mounting plates equally in all directions to meet seismic anchor embedment requirements. See Section 150529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports for detailed housekeeping pad requirements.
- B. Install exterior equipment on crowned reinforced concrete equipment pads. Extend pads beyond equipment base rails/floor mounting plates equally in all directions to meet seismic anchor embedment requirements.

- C. Install pump and other equipment bases into position, at normal vibration isolator operating height, using temporarily support blocks or shims prior to the installation of the equipment, isolators, and seismic restraints.
  - 1. After the installation, and under full load (e.g., equipment filled with operating fluid), adjust isolators to transfer load from the temporary blocks to the isolators.
  - 2. Next, remove temporary blocks, shims, and debris from beneath the equipment and verify no vibrational "short circuits" exist.
  - 3. Confirm equipment is free to move in all directions, within the limits of the seismic snubbers (maximum 0.25 inches).
  - 4. Minimum operating clearance between top of housekeeping pad and underside of isolator mounted equipment is 2 inches.
- D. Protect air handling equipment and centrifugal fans from excessive displacement resulting from air thrust in relation to equipment weight. Provide horizontal thrust restraints if horizontal motion exceeds 3/8 inch.
- E. Provide earthquake ceiling clips or other approved means of positive attachment of ceiling mounted diffusers and lighting fixtures (less than 75 pounds) to the ceilings T-bar support grid. Where ceilings are not braced, provide lay-in lighting fixtures with 4 independent corner diagonal wire ties to structure.

## 3.4 CONSTRUCTION

- A. Interface with other Work:
  - 1. Coordinate and sequence installation of vibration, seismic control and wind load bracing with trades responsible for portions of this and other related sections of the Project Manual.
  - 2. Rework required because of failure to follow the manufacturer's written installation instructions or properly coordinate with related Work shall be completed at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency.
  - 3. Coordinate and schedule special inspections related to systems under this specification section.

## 3.5 REPAIR/RESTORATION

- A. Repair product components broken during installation or startup with replacement parts supplied by the product manufacturer.
- B. Substitute replacement parts from other manufacturers are not acceptable.

## 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Special Inspections:

- 1. Perform Independent Special and Periodic Inspections with written reports of findings of the seismic restraint systems serving nonstructural MEP system components at the expense of the Owner.
- 2. Special Periodic Inspections: See IBC Section 1705.13.6 for minimum inspection requirements.
- 3. Submit special inspection written reports a maximum of 2 working days following site inspection.

## B. Manufacturer's Field Services:

- 1. Upon completion of installation of vibration isolation and seismic restraint devices and systems, the SDF's representative shall inspect the completed project and certify in writing to the Contractor that systems are installed properly or provide detailed corrective action as required.
- 2. If corrections are required, additional inspections shall be completed by the SDF's representative until all the work is certified to be installed properly.
- 3. The Contractor shall submit a report to the Owner which includes the SDF's representative letter certifying correctness of the installation.

## 3.7 CLEANING

A. Upon completion of installation remove construction debris from around vibration isolated and seismically restrained components to allow free motion in all directions within the limits of the seismic restraining devices.

# 3.8 EQUIPMENT STARTUP

- A. Prior to equipment startup, remove shipping restraints from vibration isolators and adjust in accordance with the appliable manufacturers written operating instructions.
- B. During start-up, with attached piping systems filled (as applicable), verify proper vibration isolator active spring heights and snubber offsets.
- C. Adjust vibration isolators and seismic restraints during equipment operation to allow normal movement and minimize the transmission of equipment sound and vibration through the building structure and attached distribution systems.

**END OF SECTION 200548** 

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# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

## A. Section includes:

- 1. Equipment Nameplates.
- 2. Valve Tags.
- 3. Valve and Equipment Directories.
- 4. Pipe Identification.
- 5. Ceiling Markers.

# B. Related Sections:

- 1. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 2. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 3. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties
- 4. 226300 Medical Gas Systems
- 5. 231123 Fuel Gas Piping and Specialties
- 6. 232113 Hydronic Piping and Specialties
- 7. 233100 Ducts and Accessories
- 8. 233400 HVAC Fans
- 9. 233600 Air Terminal Units
- 10. 237416 Packaged Rooftop Units
- 11. 238200 Terminal Heating Units

# 1.2 REFERENCES

## A. Codes and Standards:

- 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. ANSI/ASME A13.1-2015 (American Society of Mechanical Engineers) Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems.
- 3. ANSI Z535.1-2017 Safety Colors.

# A. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:

- 4. Refer to Division 01 for general abbreviations, acronyms, and definitions.
- 5. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical related definitions.
- 6. Refer to Mechanical Drawings legend sheet for general mechanical related abbreviations.

# 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## A. Design Requirements:

- 1. Provide equipment nameplates, valve tags and labels for the mechanical systems provided under this contract.
- 2. Provide labels for piping.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Refer to Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed.

## B. Product Data:

- 1. Master Schedule of Equipment:
  - a. Submit master schedule of equipment, components, and systems that will be tagged and labeled for the project.
  - b. Include the proposed method of labeling to be implemented (nameplate, tag, label/marker, etc.), legend ("Domestic Cold Water," "PMP-1," etc.) and letter/background colors.
  - c. Match legend to Contract Document legend, abbreviations, and schedule symbols. Use standard mechanical identification products when available.
- 2. Equipment Directories: Submit separate proposed "Equipment Directories" (subset of the master schedule) for each mechanical room that includes the equipment located within the applicable space. Include system name, fluid or medium type, and normal operating properties and ranges.
- 3. Valve Directories: Submit separate proposed "Valve Directories" (subset of the master schedule) for each mechanical room that includes the valves located within the applicable space. Include valve designations, a brief description and normal position (open (NO), closed (NC), balanced to X GPM). For Example:

Valve Designator	Description	Normal Position	
H-101	BLR-1 Supply Isolation	NO	
H-102	BLR-1 Return Isolation	NO	
H-103	BLR-1 Flow Balance	150 GPM	
P-100	Domestic Water Service Isolation	NO	
P-201	Supply Strainer Flush Valve	NC	
ETC.			

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- C. Installation, Operation and Maintenance (IO&M) Manuals:
  - 1. Provide completed, typed "Master Schedule of Equipment."
  - 2. Provide completed, typed "Equipment Directories."
  - 3. Provide completed, typed "Valve Directories" with balance valve settings obtained from the final balance report.

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## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Marking Services Incorporated (MSI).
- B. Seton Identification Products.
- C. Craftmark.
- D. Approved equal.

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT NAMEPLATES

- A. Plastic Engraved Equipment Nameplates:
  - 1. Minimum letter height: 3/4 inch.
  - 2. Tag size: Minimum 2 inches high, length to fit equipment tag lettering requirements. Provide uniform size for similar types of equipment.
  - 3. Plastic thickness: 1/16 inch minimum.
  - 4. Fastening method:
    - a. Mounting holes.
    - b. Adhesive backing may be provided for labeling equipment where drilling holes is not feasible, with the pre-approval of the Contracting Agency.
  - 5. Color coding: As designated by the Contracting Agency. If specific direction is not provided, select white letters on black background.
  - 6. Legend: As designated by the Contracting Agency. If specific direction not provided, match scheduled equipment symbols.

# 2.3 VALVE TAGS

## A. General:

- 1. Small equipment, such as in-line pumps may be identified with tags in lieu of nameplates if inadequate room is available.
- 2. Provide service indicator on top line of tag, using system abbreviations provided in Part 3 Pipe Identification Table.
- 3. Provide valve number on bottom line of tag. Start valve numbering with "001" for each legend series/service indicator. Assign valve numbers in a logical sequence from the source (i.e. service water entry point, gas meter service isolation) or heat source (boiler or water heater supply) and continue numbering outward to the most remote terminal connection point.

# B. Plastic Engraved Tags:

1. Round, 1-1/2 inches diameter, engraved plastic.

- 2. Text stamped and filled black:
  - a. 1/4 inch service indicator on top.
  - b. 1/2 inch valve number below.
- 3. Beaded chain tag fasteners.
- 4. Provide tag color coding to match pipe marker coding or as designated by the Contracting Agency.

# C. Brass Stamped Tags:

- 1. Round, 1-1/2 inches diameter, brass with smooth edges.
- 2. Text stamped and filled black:
  - a. 1/4 inch service indicator on top.
  - b. 1/2 inch valve number below.
- 3. Beaded chain tag fasteners.

# 2.4 VALVE AND EQUIPMENT DIRECTORIES

- A. Equipment and Valve Directory Frame:
  - 1. 8-1/2" x 11" aluminum frame with plastic lens.
  - 2. Provide multiple frames as required.

# 2.5 PIPE IDENTIFICATION, MARKING

- A. Identify both service and flow direction.
- B. Colors and Lettering: Conform to ANSI/ASME A13.1; see tables under Article 3.2E below.
- C. Plastic Pipe Labels:
  - 1. Factory fabricated, flexible, semi-rigid plastic, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering.
  - 2. Larger sizes may have maximum sheet size with plastic nylon ties or straps.
- D. Plastic Tape Pipe Labels: Flexible, vinyl film tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing and printed markings.

## 2.6 CEILING MARKERS

# A. Description:

- 1. 7/8-inch diameter, color-coded.
- 2. Metal push tacks or 0.030" rigid vinyl, pressure sensitive stickers.

- B. Provide color coding to match existing facility standards. In the absence of existing facility standards, utilize the color code as follows:
  - 1. HVAC equipment: Yellow.
  - 2. Plumbing valves: Green.
  - 3. Non potable water and valves: Orange.
  - 4. Heating/cooling valves: Blue.
  - 5. Fire suppression valves and drains: Red.

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

# 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to be painted or directly receive adhesive labels.
- B. Install identifying devices after completion of coverings and painting.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Do not install identifying devices over factory installed equipment labels.
- B. Locate identifying devices in clear view for simple identification.
- C. Tag automatic controls, instruments, and relays. Key these to control system schematic drawings.
- D. Frame and install approved equipment and valve directories in each mechanical room, at a location designated by the Contracting Agency.

# E. Pipe Identification:

1. Identify piping, concealed or exposed, using ANSI A13.1 compliant pipe labels. Identify both service and flow direction in accordance with the following table. Coordinate color scheme with existing facility standards. In the absence of existing facility standards, utilize the color scheme in the following table.

Abbreviation	Legend	Color (Letters/Background)
CW	Domestic Cold Water	White/Green
HW	Domestic Hot Water	White/Green
HWC	Domestic Hot Water Circulation	White/Green
HWS	Heating Water Supply	White/Green
HWR	Heating Water Return	White/Green
GHS	Glycol Heating Supply	White/Green
GHR	Glycol Heating Return	White/Green
RL	Refrigeration - Liquid	Black/Orange

Abbreviation	Legend	Color
		(Letters/Background)
RS	Refrigeration - Suction	Black/Orange
NG	Natural Gas	Black/Yellow
W	Sanitary Drain	White/Green
V	Sanitary Vent	White/Green
RL, ORL	Rain Leader, Overflow Rain Leader	White/Green
SD	Storm Drain	White/Green
FW	Fire Suppression Water	White/Red

2. Pipe label letters shall be a minimum of 1/2" high and increase with pipe diameter as follows:

Pipe Outside Diameter	Letter Height
0.75" to 1.25"	0.5"
1.5" to 2"	0.75"
2.5" to 6"	1.25"
8" to 10"	2.5"
over 10"	3.5"

- 3. Install labels in unobstructed view and aligned with horizontal or vertical axis of piping as appropriate. For piping located above the normal line of vision, place labels below the horizontal centerline of the pipe for clear unobstructed view from below.
- 4. Install labels not to exceed 20 foot intervals along straight piping runs (including risers and drops), close to valves, adjacent to changes in direction and branches, on each side of pipe penetrations through walls or floors, and at each access panel.
- 5. Medical gas piping shall be identified and labeled as required by NFPA 99, see Section 22 6300 Medical Gas Systems.

END OF SECTION 200553

# PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Specific requirements, products and methods of execution which relate to the insulation of ducts, fittings, equipment, pipes, and other surfaces of the mechanical installation.

## B. Related Sections:

- 1. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 2. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 3. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties
- 4. 224000 Plumbing Fixtures
- 5. 232113 Hydronic Piping and Specialties
- 6. 233100 Ducts and Accessories
- 7. 237416 Packaged Rooftop Units

## 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. ASHRAE 90.1 2010 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings.
- C. NFPA 90A 2002 Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.
- D. NFPA 90B 2006 Standard for the Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems.
- E. MSS Standard Practice SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation.

## 1.3 DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide thermal insulation for ventilation system ductwork and building service piping.
- B. Provide insulation for exposed ADA plumbing fixture piping.

# 1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed.

- B. Product Data: Provide product description, thermal characteristics, list of materials and thickness for each service, and locations.
- C. Qualifications: Submit manufacturer and Applicator qualifications.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 FIRE RATING OF MATERIALS

- A. Provide insulation products used aboveground in building with burning characteristics in compliance with NFPA Standards 90A and 90B: Flame Spread 25, Fuel Contributed 50, Smoke Developed 50. Tested according to UL 723, ASTM E84, or NFPA 255.
- B. Insulation specified for use underground and aboveground away from the building might have other burning characteristics. Use such products only where specifically required.

#### 2.2 FIBERGLASS INSULATION

- A. Piping (Domestic water, Vent-Thru Roof, and Hydronic): Provide insulation products as follows:
  - 1. Thermal conductivity K equals 0.24 at 100 degrees F mean temperature, ASTM C335.
  - 2. Factory applied vapor-barrier, flame retardant all service jacket and tape, with permeability rating equal to 0.02 perms, ASTM E 96.
  - 3. Temperature limits for fiberglass pipe insulation: 350 degrees F, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Manufacturers: Johns Manville, Owens Corning, Knauf Fiber Glass, or approved equal.
- B. Ductwork: Provide insulation products as follows:
  - 1. Flexible insulation: Average thermal conductivity K equals 0.24 at 75 degrees F mean temperature at 1.5 pounds per cubic feet (PCF) density, ASTM C335.

- 2. Rigid insulation: Average thermal conductivity K equals 0.24 at 75 degrees F mean temperature at 3.0 PCF density, ASTM C518.
- 3. Factory-applied vapor barrier flame-retardant Foil-Scrim-Kraft (FSK) or all-service jacket and tape, with permeability rating equal to 0.02 perms, ASTM E 96.
- 4. Temperature limits for fiberglass duct insulation: 250 degrees F unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Manufacturers: Johns Manville, Owens Corning, Certainteed, Knauf Fiber Glass, or approved equal.

# 2.3 FIRE RESISTIVE PIPE AND DUCT WRAP

- A. Lightweight, asbestos free high temperature inorganic ceramic fiber blanket totally encapsulated in foil/scrim having a service temperature up to 2,300 degrees F.
- B. Performance requirements:
  - 1. Two-hour rated fire resistive enclosure assembly, ASTM E119.
  - 2. Zero clearance to combustible, maximum surface temperature on unexposed side, UL 1978.
  - 3. Class I interior finish materials, ASTM E84.
  - 4. Through-penetration protection systems for grease and air ducts, ASTM E814 and UL 1479.
- C. Provide manufacturer's tapes, banding materials, pins/washers, through-penetration fire stop materials, duct access doors, and miscellaneous hardware necessary for complete installation according to manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Manufacturer: 3M.

## 2.4 FLEXIBLE FOAM PLASTIC

- A. Thermal Conductivity: 0.27.
- B. Water Vapor Transmission: 0.08.
- C. Flame-spread rating of 25 or less and a smoke-developed rating of 50 or less as tested by ASTM E 84.
- D. Manufacturer: Armaflex, Aerotube, Rubatex.

## 2.5 FIXTURE INSULATION ASSEMBLY

- A. Protective, molded, fire-resistant foam insulation, single piece insulation manufactured specifically for plumbing fixture supplies and drains.
- B. 4.5 PCF foam with insulation R factor 2, white fire retardant polyurethane integral skin, twist fasteners.

C. Manufacturer: Skal+Gard, Model SG-100B, TCI Products, or approved equal.

## 2.6 CANVAS JACKETING

- A. Insulating Lagging Canvas: Eight ounces per square yard minimum, fire-retardant material complying with fire ratings specified above. Manufacturer: Chas Harmon "Osnaberg", Claremont Company Inc., "Claretex", or approved equal.
- B. Lagging Adhesive: Plastic synthetic resin emulsion adhesive; watertight, mildew resistant, fire retardant. Manufacturer: Childers Chil-Perm CP, Foster® Sealfas® coating 30-36, or approved equal.

# 2.7 METAL JACKETING

- A. 27 gauge (U.S. Standard) heavy corrugated aluminum.
- B. Preformed fitting covers.

#### 2.8 COATINGS

- A. Coatings: UL labeled.
- B. On cold or dual service lines, use vapor barrier type coatings.

#### 2.9 PREFORMED FITTING COVERS

- A. One piece pre-molded PVC jacketing and fitting covers specifically designed for the service intended.
- B. Install per manufacturer's instructions and secure with manufacturer's color matching PVC tape.
- C. Manufacturer: J-M "Zeston", TeeCee, Proto, Certainteed.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

# 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Do not apply insulation materials until surfaces to be covered are clean and dry and foreign material such as rust, dirt, etc. is removed. Keep insulation clean and dry during installation and during the application of any finish.
- B. Do not install the insulation on pipe fittings and pipe joints until the piping has been tested and approved.
- C. Do not install the insulation on ducts or fittings until the ductwork has been tested and approved.

- D. Do not apply under conditions of excessive humidity or at temperatures below 50 degrees F or above 100 degrees F.
- E. Provide insulation support blocks, shields, and transitions for hangers, supports, anchors, and guides. Coordinate insulation requirements through rated assemblies and Listing penetration's requirements.
- F. Adjust hangers, guides, anchors, and supports after insulation installation has been approved.

# 3.2 PIPE INSULATION

## A. Cold Piping:

- 1. Includes rainwater piping, domestic cold water, plumbing, and other vents through roof, refrigeration, and other cold piping to zero degrees F.
  - a. Insulate aboveground rain leaders from the roof drain to the point pipe penetrates building skin or below grade. Cover underside of roof drain.
  - b. Insulate plumbing vents from three feet below the under deck of the roof to the termination above the roofline.
- 2. Insulate with sectional fiberglass (except for refrigerant piping) and provide a completely sealed vapor barrier. Provide insulation thickness per Insulation Thickness Table.
- 3. Insulate valves, unions, flanges, fittings, tanks, vessels, air separators, heat exchangers, and similar components, except where indicated otherwise.
- 4. Insulate refrigerant piping with flexible foam plastic insulation and glue seams with manufacturer's recommended cement.

# B. Hot Piping:

- 1. Includes domestic hot water supply and recirculation, and hydronic heating.
- 2. Insulate with sectional fiberglass. Provide insulation thickness per Insulation Thickness Table.
- 3. Insulate valves, unions, flanges, fittings, tanks, vessels, air separators, heat exchangers, steam and process vents, and similar components, except where indicated otherwise.
- C. In addition to specified jackets, provide heavy corrugated aluminum jacket on piping insulation anywhere piping is exposed to building exterior.
- D. Insulation Thickness Table (units are in inches):

Fluid Design Operating Temperature Range	Less than 1	1 to <1-1/2	1-1/2 to <4	4 to <8	8 and up
Heating Systems (Water and Glycol Solutions) and Domestic (Hot Water and Hot Water Circulation):					
141 °F to 200 °F	1.5	1.5	2	2	2
105 °F to 140 °F	1.5	1.5	2	2	2

Fluid Design Operating Temperature Range	Less than 1	1 to <1-1/2	1-1/2 to <4	4 to <8	8 and up	
Cooling Systems (Well wa	Cooling Systems (Well water, Chilled Water and Glycol Solutions, and Refrigerant):					
40 °F to 60 °F	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Below 40 °F	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Heat Recovery Systems (V	Heat Recovery Systems (Water and Glycol Solutions):					
35 degrees F to 90 degrees F	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Domestic Cold Water:						
All	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Rain leaders, Plumbing vents through roof:						
All	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	

# 3.3 TECHNIQUE FOR APPLICATION TO PIPES

- A. Close longitudinal joints of pipe insulation firmly and butt insulation sections firmly together. Neatly and smoothly adhere laps and butt strips.
- B. Clean the contact area on jacket for adhesive lap strips and butt strips so it is free from fingerprints, oil, construction dust and other contaminants. Clean surfaces with tack rags, methanol, or other suitable agent before attempting to adhere the strip. Apply pressure to adhesive strip with suitable tool immediately after adhering. Remove insulation with inadequately sealed joints and install new sections. Outwardly clinching staples may be used to reinforce joints.
- C. Continuously seal vapor barriers. If staples are used at laps, seal the entire length of stapled lap with adhesive jacket tape applied as specified above for laps and butts. Sectionalize vapor barrier by sealing ends of insulation sections at not more than 25 feet intervals, to prevent moisture migrating lengthwise. Apply butt strips over joint as above.
- D. Provide double insulation thickness on piping in outside walls and within five feet of vehicle doors or other large openings.
- E. Except as indicated, locate pipe hangers and rollers outside insulation. Provide insulation saddles or sheet metal shields around insulation. On pipes two inches and larger, within the area of each insulation shield, use calcium silicate or cellular glass on the lower half of the insulation, equal in thickness to adjacent insulation.
- F. Where refrigerant piping is installed outdoors, provide flexible foam plastic insulation with sealed vapor barrier in addition to jacket specified.

# 3.4 TECHNIQUE FOR APPLICATION TO PIPE FITTINGS, EQUIPMENT, AND VALVES

A. Insulate fittings, valves, and flanges to the same thickness as the pipe insulation.

- B. Any of the following methods of insulation are acceptable:
  - 1. Blanket Wrap: Wrap the fitting with compressed glass fiber blanket. Wire the blanket securely in place and cover with a smooth layer of insulating/finishing cement. Cover with glass mesh tape, adhering it with an adhesive coating.
  - 2. Fabricated Segments: Cut mitered segments from pipe insulation that has the same wall thickness as adjacent pipe insulation to form a cover which will fit snugly around the fitting. Wire the segments firmly in place and seal the joints with insulating/finishing cement. Apply adhesive coating and wrap with glass mesh tape, then apply another layer of the same coating over the whole assembly.
  - 3. Cement: Apply insulating or insulating/finishing cement, molding it to the contour of the fitting. When area is large, apply an under layer of cement, wrap this with glass mesh tape, then apply an outer layer of cement. If the insulation is not concealed the exposed surface of insulating/finishing cement shall have a final glass mesh tape wrap embedded in adhesive.
- C. In each of the listed methods, to protect the insulation against contact damage, apply an adhesive coating when the cement is completely dry and hard, then wrap with glass mesh tape. Apply another coating of adhesive over the whole assembly.
- D. In each of the listed methods, pre-formed fitting covers may be substituted for the tape and adhesive covering specified. Cement and tape fitting covers on cold piping to provide a positive vapor barrier.
- E. Removable insulation blankets of comparable insulation value for valves and where equipment require frequent adjustments or maintenance shall be provided; identify and coordinate during submittal process.
- F. After insulation has been installed adjust hangers for proper fit, maintain pipe grade and support.

### 3.5 DUCT THERMAL INSULATION REQUIREMENTS

### A. Insulate ductwork as follows:

- 1. Insulate outside air intake ducts from air intake louver connection to equipment connections (including insulated isolation damper frame) with 2-inch rigid or semi-rigid board insulation.
- 2. Insulate exhaust and relief ducts from point of discharge to and including back draft damper support frame with two inch rigid or semi-rigid board insulation.
- 3. Supply air ductwork: When mechanical cooling is provided, insulate associated ventilation system supply ductwork from AHU connections to VAV terminal unit inlet connections with 1-1/2" inch thick fiberglass insulation.
- 4. Return air ductwork: Insulate return air ductwork passing through unheated spaces, within in mechanical rooms and as indicated with 1-1/2" inch fiberglass insulation.
- 5. Lined ductwork: Provide external duct insulation only when indicated in addition to duct lining.
- B. Insulation Type and Finish:

- 1. Rigid or semi-rigid board where canvas or metal jacket is specified. May also be used in place of blanket insulation where practical.
- 2. Blanket insulation where rigid board is not specified or indicated. Proper installation is critical. Loose joints and sagging insulation shall require re-insulation of entire branch or main duct before acceptance and during warranty period.
- 3. Fiberglass or canvas jacket over board insulation in mechanical and boiler rooms less than 10 feet above finish floor, where exposed in finished rooms and where indicated. Seal jacket with vapor barrier lagging adhesive.
- 4. Ductwork insulation to have a completely sealed vapor barrier, except segmental insulation on medium/high velocity trunk ducts and warm air ducts in concealed spaces, where approved.

### 3.6 DUCT SOUND INSULATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Refer to Section 233100 Ducts and Accessories.
- B. Install where shown.
- C. Install in accordance with manufacturers installation instructions. Completed installation shall be fastened tightly to ductwork and free of sags.

### 3.7 TECHNIQUE FOR APPLICATION TO DUCTWORK

## A. Rigid and Semi-rigid Insulation:

- 1. Impaling Over Pins: Install insulation with edges tightly butted using adhesive and metal pins. Impale insulation on pins welded to the duct and secure with speed clips. Trim off pins close to speed clip. Space pins as required to hold insulation firmly against duct surface but not less than one pin per square foot.
- 2. Other Method of Securement: If the welded pin method is not feasible, secure the insulation to the duct with adhesive. Cover the entire surface of the metal with adhesive when applying to the underside of horizontal ducts. Application to top and sides may be in strips with a minimum of 50 percent coverage. Additionally, secure insulation with No. 16 galvanized wire on not more than 12 inches on center. Provide metal angle at corners to protect edges of insulation.
- 3. Vapor Barrier: Seal joints and speed clips with adhesive tape of similar construction to insulation jacket. Thoroughly clean contact surfaces for adhesive as specified under pipe insulation technique. Glass cloth tape set in adhesive may be used. Provide metal or plastic corner angles within eight feet of floor, walkway, or stairs.
- 4. Provide fiberglass or canvas jacket where specified. Completely cover with minimum 1/8" lagging adhesive. Cover canvas with two heavy coats of same adhesive and completely fill the weave. Inspect when dry for complete vapor barrier throughout and refinish as required.

# B. Blanket Insulation:

1. Position insulation so that longitudinal seam will be underneath and not supporting weight of sheet. Remove a uniform strip of insulation from backing to provide a lap strip. Butt insulation and secure lap strip with outwardly clinching staples.

- 2. Use pins to secure blanket on large flat areas as specified for rigid insulation. Reinforce jacket at pin penetration where required.
- 3. Seal laps, staples and butt joints with adhesive tape of similar construction to insulation jack. Seal speed clips if used. Thoroughly clean contact surfaces for adhesive as specified under pipe insulation technique.
- 4. When system is under pressure, inspect insulation for inflation caused by improperly sealed ducts. Repair duct seal and reinsulate as necessary.
- 5. The Contracting Agency may inspect completed insulation and test taped joints for adhesion. Seal laps and butt tapes that can be removed with reasonable force shall require that entire branch or trunk duct be reinsulated.

### 3.8 FIRE RESISTIVE DUCT AND PIPE WRAP

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide fire rated duct wrap on exhaust air duct from medical gas storage room to building exterior wall penetration as indicated on drawings.

### 3.9 FIXTURE INSULATION ASSEMBLY

A. Insulate cold and hot water supply and waste piping exposed beneath sink and lavatory fixtures designated on drawings or specified in Section 224000 - Plumbing Fixtures, as intended for use by disabled persons. Install in accordance with ANSI A117.1 - 2009.

**END OF SECTION 200700** 

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Demolition and removal of selected mechanical systems, equipment, and selected components.
- B. See Division 1 for general demolition requirements and disposal of demolished materials.
  - 1. Coordinate the demolition and disposal of materials and equipment with Contracting Agency.
  - 2. Provide Contracting Agency with the first right of refusal for the salvage of demolished equipment and materials.

#### C. Related Sections:

- 1. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 2. 200529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports
- 3. 211000 Water Based Fire Suppression Systems
- 4. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 5. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties
- 6. 224000 Plumbing Fixtures
- 7. 226300 Medical Gas Systems
- 8. 231123 Fuel Gas Piping and Specialties
- 9. 232113 Hydronic Piping and Specialties
- 10. 232123 Hydronic Pumps
- 11. 233100 Ducts and Accessories
- 12. 233400 HVAC Fans
- 13. 233600 Air Terminal Units
- 14. 233700 Air Outlets and Inlets
- 15. 237416 Packaged Rooftop Units
- 16. 238200 Terminal Heating Units
- 17. 253000 Building Automation System Field Devices
- 18. 255000 Building Automation System

### 1.2 REFERENCES

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Demolish: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction and deliver them to Owner ready for reuse.

- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed, and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Submit a demolition and construction plan for review by the Contracting Agency prior to beginning work. Describe procedures that will be used to protect and maintain cleanliness of the adjacent building areas/systems during construction.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Standards: Comply with ANSI A10.6 Safety and Health Program Requirements for Demolition Operations, and NFPA 241 Standard For Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, And Demolition Operations.
- D. Pre-demolition Meetings: Conduct coordination meetings prior to demolition as required by Division 1.

### 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Adjacent portions of the building will remain occupied during selective demolition. Conduct demolition such that Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Drawings and specifications involving existing conditions are based on building record drawings and limited field observation. Provide field verification. Addition building record drawings are available from the Owner with a written request.
- C. Notify Contracting Agency of discrepancies between existing conditions and the Contract Documents before proceeding with demolition.
- D. Maintain existing utilities to the maximum extent possible. Coordinate outages, if necessary, in accordance with Division 1.
- E. Maintain fire-protection systems in service during mechanical demolition operations.
- F. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS - NOT USED

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Drawings and specifications involving existing conditions are based on building record drawings and limited field observation.
- B. Conduct a site inspection prior to submission of Bid to become thoroughly familiarized with the Scope of Work. Review actual site conditions and compare with the Contract Documents mechanical demolition drawings. Obtain direction from Contracting Agency for identified conflicts.
- C. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed, removed, and reinstalled or removed and salvaged. Provide Contracting Agency with first right of refusal for the salvage of demolished equipment and materials.
- D. Verify field measurements, locations, sizes, and routing arrangements and site conditions.
- E. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate, and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Contracting Agency for direction.
- F. Commencement of demolition implies Contractor accepts existing conditions.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Maintain existing utilities in operation to the maximum extent possible during the selective demolition of mechanical systems. When utility outages are necessary, coordinate outages and their duration with Contracting Agency in accordance with Division 1. Arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
- B. "Tag" equipment and systems to be demolished. Identify the extent to which each system will be demolished.
- C. Locate, identify, isolate, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.

- D. Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit after bypassing.
- E. Coordinate with the Contracting Agency to provide a central staging area for the temporary storage of demolished equipment and systems.
- F. Identify hazardous materials which will be demolished (i.e. mercury thermostats, etc.). Provide and designate a segregated temporary storage area for demolished hazardous materials organized by hazard type.

#### 3.3 DEMOLITION - GENERAL

### A. General:

- 1. Demolish and remove existing mechanical equipment and systems only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
- 2. Terminate ductwork and piping back to branch connections and replace tees and fittings with straight couplings. Terminate electrical circuits back to panel (See Divisions 26, 27 and 28). Remove unused ductwork, piping, conduit and associated hangers and other support devices.
- 3. Abandonment in place of unused equipment and systems affected by the remodel is not allowed.
- 4. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping, to minimize disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
- 5. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
- 6. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain fire watch and portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
- 7. Promptly transport and dispose of demolished equipment, systems, and material at the closed, approved dump site.

## B. Controls:

- 1. Sequence limited demolition of the controls system.
- 2. Coordinate outages with Contracting Authority 24 hours in advance of the scheduled outage.

### C. Indoor Air Quality:

- 1. Maintain cleanliness and indoor air quality in areas adjacent to construction areas.
- 2. Submit a demolition and construction plan for review by the Contracting Agency prior to beginning work.
- 3. Reference SMACNA IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction Second Edition 2008.

D. Fire Protection: Notify the Contracting Agency and the Fire Department Agencies at least 24 hours before partially or completely disabling Fire Protection Systems.

## E. Removed and Salvaged Items:

- 1. Clean salvaged items.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Contracting Agency.
- 4. Transport items to Contracting Agency designated on-site storage area.
- 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.

#### F. Removed and Reinstalled Items:

- 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse. Paint equipment to match new equipment.
- 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.

## G. Existing items to Remain:

- 1. Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition.
- 2. When permitted by Contracting Agency, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after demolition operations are complete.

### 3.4 CLEANING AND REPAIRS

- A. Plug, patch and repair surfaces, adjacent construction, and finishes damaged during demolition and new work. Restore to original condition or better. Retexture surfaces to match surrounding surfaces. Repaint affected surfaces, with extent of paint to include adjacent surfaces to next wall or other clean break to avoid mismatched finish. Repair fire proofing.
- B. Clean construction areas after completion of the project. Wipe down new and existing surfaces including but not limited to walls, floors, ductwork, piping, and equipment. Clean adjacent equipment and systems to remain and building surfaces of dust, dirt, and debris caused by demolition operations.
- C. Return adjacent areas to the condition existing before demolition operations began.

**END OF SECTION 204100** 

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes performance requirements, products, and methods of execution relating to fire suppression for the project. The contract documents have performance, materials, and installation requirements which exceed code and standard minimums. This Section is substantially a "performance" specification.

#### B. Related Sections:

1. Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements

### 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Provide fire suppression in accordance with the provisions of the following codes and standards:
  - 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
  - 2. NFPA 13 2019, Installation of Sprinkler Systems.
  - 3. NFPA 25 2017, Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems.
  - 4. ASCE 7 16, Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Building and Other Structures.
  - 5. Municipality of Anchorage Fire Department, Fire Prevention, Policy #08-014 Permitting Requirements for Fire Systems.

### 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide complete and fully operational wet pipe automatic fire sprinkler system, hydraulically calculated using density/area method to protect the entire project areas. Comply with the Contract Documents requirements, applicable codes, and standards, as well as the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) requirements. The contract documents have performance, materials, and installation requirements which exceed code minimums. Work includes connection to, and modification of, existing wet pipe sprinkler system for project areas of work, and other items required for a complete and fully operational building fire suppression system.
- B. Provide sprinklers utilizing systems compatible with the specific application throughout the building, including building areas as shown and described in the contract documents. Work includes complete installation of sprinkler heads in finished ceilings.
- C. This is an Affiliated Factory Mutual, AFM, protected property. AFM is a member of the FM Global, FMG, Group. FMG density and areas shall be used for hydraulic calculations, including room method if criteria meets or exceeds NFPA 13 hydraulic requirements.

- D. Provide seismic anchoring, bracing, supports, and clearance for equipment, pipes, and sprinkler heads per NFPA 13, International Building Code, FMG, and ASCE 7; most conservative criteria shall govern.
- E. Provide labor, materials, and equipment as required to test sprinkler system as required per NFPA 25. Test shall be coordinate with Contracting Agency or specific systems and areas.
- F. Provide listed sprinkler flex hose for sprinkler heads in suspended ceiling assemblies. Other methods to maintain required clearances are not allowed.
- G. Provide provisions including isolation valves and fittings for inspection, testing, and maintenance of water-based fire protection systems identified in NFPA 13 and NFPA 25. New and modified systems in or serving area of work shall be included. Limits and criteria for testing existing systems impacted by work under this contract to be coordinated with Contracting Agency and AHJ.
- H. Work includes complete installation of pipes and sprinklers in many types of spaces and finished ceilings, architectural features, and building lines. Route pipes above ceilings where possible. Exposed pipes shall follow architectural elements/building lines for visual and symmetric appearance. Design and installation of sprinkler systems shall incorporate aesthetic review comments, including routing and concealment of lines, exposed pipe, sprinkler head finish and locations, and exterior penetrations. Verify areas and scope of work with contract documents and following general description of work areas:
  - 1. Basement: Interior parking garage area renovated to create an IFC Occupancy Group H-3 medical gas storage room.
  - 2. Level 1, renovation of dental clinic.
  - 3. Level 2, partial renovation of optometry clinic.
- I. Work may include concealment of pipes in walls and routing of pipes through structural elements, coordinate with architectural and structural drawings and requirements.
- J. Provide complete building interface with building smoke and fire alarm and detection systems including fire alarm control panels and graphical displays.
- K. Sprinkler system record shop drawings and hydraulic calculations from original building construction will be made available by the contracting agency upon request.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be complete for review. Drawings, calculations, and product cutsheets shall be complete and submitted together in one package. See Section 200000 General Mechanical Requirements for additional requirements not covered below.
- B. Submittal review is for general design and arrangement only and does not relieve the Contractor from any of the requirements of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Submittals will not be checked for quantity, dimension, fit, or for proper technical design of manufactured equipment.

- 2. Providing a complete and satisfactory working installation is the responsibility of the Contractor.
- 3. Product data, shop drawings, and calculations shall be submitted together for review. Partial submittals will not be reviewed.

#### C. Electronic Submittals:

- 1. Provide electronic submittal in PDF format in addition to hard copy submittal.
- 2. Electronic submittals shall follow the organization and formatting required for paper submittals.
- 3. Provide electronic bookmarks within the PDF document in place of tabs and sub-tabs.
- 4. If individual PDF files are provided for each product or shop drawing sheet, organize files into folders and name files and folders to correspond with applicable specification sections or drawing titles.
- 5. PFD documents to be without security and be searchable, and copied and pasted. For scanned documents, run the optical character recognition (OCR) function to ensure the document is searchable and can be copied and pasted.
- 6. Reduce PDF file size by removing data and file creation elements not needed for final file presentation.

#### D. Product Data:

- 1. Submit product data for items specified in Part 2 and those products required by the performance standards of this Section. Identify catalog designation and/or model number and neatly annotate each salient characteristic and design option of the product. Identify operation characteristics, performance curves and rated capacities of products and devices to show compliance with shop drawings and calculations.
- 2. Provide exterior and interior signage with placement locations indicated on shop drawings.
- 3. Provide data on firestopped penetrations, including product being submitted, the rating of the assembly it will be used for, and the applicable Through Penetration Firestop System drawing(s) from the UL Fire Resistance Directory.

### E. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Submit Authority Having Jurisdiction approved sets of shop drawings and calculations. Drawings and calculations shall include the NICET certification and State of Alaska Permit IIC or IIC-DO number and signature, or signed seal of a licensed professional engineer, and the fire suppression Contractor's Alaska specialty license number.
- 2. Shop drawings shall be submitted with information in compliance with NFPA 13 and other performance standards of this Section. Shop drawings shall include but not limited to the following:
  - a. Name of Contracting Agency, Occupant and Building Permit number.
  - b. Location, including street address and legal description.
  - c. Point of compass.
  - d. Fire Department connections.
  - e. Necessary controlling equipment.

- f. Location of water source, type, routing, depth of bury, and size of supply pipes. Identify location and size of city main and whether it is dead-end or circulating loop and distance to the flow data test hydrant.
- g. Distribution system pipes and outlets. Include pipe and fitting types.
- h. Sprinkler connection, drop, details including supports required for flex pipe.
- i. Supports, brackets, restraints, and seismic attachments details and schedules.
- j. Reflected ceiling plan showing ceiling heights, construction type, proposed location and type of sprinkler heads, and other ceiling devices such as HVAC diffusers, loud speakers, type and location of light fixtures, etc.
- k. Interference control between sprinkler system and other trades.
- l. Full height cross section, indicating basic building construction system, sprinkler piping arrangement, and elevation of the highest sprinkler head.
- m. Location of partitions. Identification of full height walls and draft stops.
- n. Location and size of unprotected concealed spaces.
- o. Identification of unheated areas and areas that cannot be reliably maintained above 40 degrees F.
- p. Water flow test results: Include testing agency, time, date, and location of test.
- q. Make, model, type, orifice, finish, color, and temperature rating of sprinklers and their respective locations.
- r. Sprinklers with sprinkler guards.
- s. Extended coverage sprinklers.
- t. Corrosion resistant sprinklers.
- u. Ceiling slopes greater than 2 to 12 shall be identified.
- v. Clearly identify each hydraulic remote area and associated calculations with hazard type and density.
- w. Hydraulic node points.
- x. The square footage area protected by each system.
- y. Make, model, and size of valves and equipment, including: control valves, alarm valves, check valves, hose valves, and related appurtenances.
- z. Identify drum drip drains, main drain, low point drains, drain receptors, and inspector test stations.
- aa. Indicate the type and location of pipe hangers, equipment supports, seismic movement, and seismic restraints.
- bb. Make, model, size, and locations of pipe couplings, fittings, and flanges.
- cc. Make, model, size, power requirement, and location of alarm bells, buzzers, detectors, switches, air compressors, and panels.
- dd. Provisions for flushing and backflow device system demand forward flow test and test discharge to safe location.
- ee. Name, address, and telephone number of the fire protection specialty Contractor. If design is by a separate firm, include the name address, telephone and fax numbers, and email of the design firm.
- ff. Complete legend of abbreviations and symbols indicated.
- gg. Complete schedule of room occupancies.
- hh. Location of structural penetrations and verification that structural penetrations have been coordinated and approved.
- ii. Note the size, location, and extent of "exposed" pipes.
- ij. Location of fire rated assemblies.
- kk. Hose stations and cabinets.
- 11. Standpipes, Class, fire hose connections, and drains.

# F. Design Data:

- 1. Submit Authority Having Jurisdiction approved sets of calculations. Drawings and calculations shall include the NICET certification and State of Alaska Permit IIC or IIC-DO number and signature or stamp of a licensed professional engineer and the fire suppression Contractor's Alaska specialty license number. Submit complete hydraulic calculations which were used to prepare the final design drawings. One set will be retained by the Engineer.
- 2. Product data, shop drawings, and calculations shall be submitted together for review; partial submittals not allowed.
- 3. Systems shall be limited to a maximum of 175 PSIG, unless otherwise approved. Systems requiring pressures 175 PSIG and higher shall have pressure reducing valves, controls, and related equipment incorporated.
- 4. Submit water flow information used for hydraulic calculations:
  - a. For the Municipality of Anchorage service area, contact AWWU and obtain hydraulic model information nearest hydrant flow for maximum day demand of year, or provide hydrant flow test and use 10% flow safety factor as minimum requirement, or as approved by the AHJ and the engineer.
  - b. For each zone hydraulic calculations shall be accomplished in compliance with the procedures established in NFPA 13.
  - c. Hydraulic calculations accomplished by computer program for submittal shall be accompanied by a complete legend of the abbreviations, nodes, and symbols utilized on the computer printout.
  - d. Fire pump flow characteristics used in the calculations.
  - e. Hydraulic calculations shall follow NFPA 13 and FMG requirements and shall clearly identify the following:
    - 1). Sprinkler type and "K" factor.
    - 2). Pipe and fittings type, size, and inside diameter.
    - 3). Fitting equivalent length chart that complies with the "C" factor and pipe type.
    - 4). NFPA or FMG hazard designation, design density, and size of the design remote area.
    - 5). The elevation of the "highest" sprinkler and standpipe hose valve.
    - 6). Extended coverage sprinklers shall include design pressure and coverage identified on the drawings and manufacturer's product information to confirm usage. Hydraulic calculations shall identify extended coverage sprinklers and operating pressure.
    - 7). The available water supply and system demand at the point of connection to the water supply, indicated on a logarithmic graph and required safety factors. Include hose and standpipe demands.
  - f. Equipment, pipe, fittings, and sprinklers used in calculations shall match installed system. Variances shall require redesign and installation by contractor.

### G. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:

1. Design Data: Provide hydrant flow test reports or other information used for design.

### 2. Certificates Initial Submittal:

- a. Submit Contractor's qualifications, proof of three years' experience under this Contractor's firm name, and references for at least five projects in Alaska of similar type, size, or complexity.
- b. Submit a copy of designer's NICET certification and resume', Alaska Permit number and level or Alaska P.E. license number.
- c. Submit a copy of backflow assembly tester qualifications and certificate.
- d. Submit a copy of Contractor's State of Alaska Fire Protection Permit and Administrator's License for the appropriate type of systems provided.

### 3. Certificates Post Construction:

- a. Submit a letter of certification for backflow assembly installation and testing, signed by the installer/tester.
- b. Provide copy completed of the Contractor's Material and Test Certificate for Underground Piping and the Contractor's Material and Test Certificate for Above Ground Piping.
- c. Provide test report for hydrostatic test of piping.
- d. Provide test report confirming proper operation of tamper, supervisory, and flow switches, and system alarms.
- e. Provide test report for fire pump operating test.
- f. Submit test results to AFM for acceptance.
- g. Provide a letter of certification stating that testing and flushing has been performed in accordance with the applicable codes and standards. Itemize codes and standards complied with.
- 4. Provide Manufacturer's Installation Instructions, and Manufacturer's field reports.
- 5. Fire suppression system shall be installed, tested, as-builts completed and installation approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction, AHJ, before substantial completion request or notification is made.
- 6. Structural tests and special inspections required by IBC or ASCE-07 shall be identified on the shop drawings, products submitted and coordinated during installation. Reports shall be submitted. Secure required services and pay for tests and inspections.
- 7. Significant changes in piping due to on site coordination with other trades and existing conditions shall require hydraulic recalculation to confirm adequate pipe sizing and be resubmitted to AHJ and Contracting Agency's Insurance agency.

# H. Review, Approvals, and Permits Required

- 1. Obtain written review and/or approval of the entire fire suppression system design and arrangement from the following authorities:
  - a. Contracting Agency (Approval).
  - b. Authority Having Jurisdiction, AHJ (Approval).
  - c. Architect (Review).
  - d. Mechanical Engineer (Review).
  - e. Contracting Agency's Insurance Agency (Review)
  - f. Affiliated Factory Mutual (AFM) (Review).

- 2. Comply with the above review comments, revising the system design as required, and resubmitting in a timely manner, so as not to hinder the construction schedule.
- 3. Obtain and pay for required permits, inspections, tests, and approvals as required by Authority Having Jurisdiction.

# I. Operation and Maintenance Manual Submittal:

- 1. Include manufacturers' descriptive literature, operating instructions, installation instructions, testing certificates, maintenance and repair data, parts listings, and spare parts list.
- 2. Electronic copy of the Authority Having Jurisdiction approved hydraulic calculations, drawings, and their review letter.
- 3. Table showing NFPA 25 maintenance requirements.
- 4. Provide an electronic copy of operations and maintenance manual in PDF format with bookmarks matching table of contents, including as-built shop drawings with each required paper copy.

### J. Closeout Submittals:

- 1. Refer to Division 1 for general procedures for submittals.
- 2. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of components and locations of access doors required for access or valving.
- 3. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Contracting Agency's name and registered with the manufacturer.
- 4. Submit a written affidavit at the completion of the system, stating that the fire suppression system as installed complies with referenced Codes and Standards, Authority Having Jurisdiction requirements, and the Contracting Agency's Insurance recommendations.
- 5. Provide written warranty as specified in Division 1. Furnish written guarantee to the Contracting Agency, that materials installations are free from mechanical defects and guaranteeing to replace and repair any and all unsatisfactory and defective work and items, to the satisfaction of the Contracting Agency, in a timely manner for a period of one year after final acceptance of the Contracting Agency, and to be responsible for any damage caused to the premises for any such unsatisfactory work.
- 6. Issue a minimum one set of full size as-built drawings and maintenance data to the Contracting Agency's designated maintenance personnel, in addition to required submittals.
- 7. Train the Contracting Agency's designated maintenance personnel in the operation and maintenance of the fire suppression system. Minimum 2 hours of training is required.

# K. Maintenance Information and Framed Building Plan:

1. Provide updated and revised information for a complete 1/16" scale building floor plan showing system control valves, drain stations, alarm and control panels, test valves, fire pumps and controllers, water storage tank(s) and other primary fire suppression devices. Indicate sprinkler zones, boundaries, and types of systems. Each zone shall be assigned a unique sequential identifier number. Submit this plan prior to substantial completion for review by the Contracting Agency.

- 2. Orient the floor plan in a manner that is consistent with the building. Rotate graphic layout as required to show North, South, East, and West, as it applies to the building.
- 3. Enclose the plan in a professionally fabricated metal picture frame with 1/8 inch rigid clear plastic cover. Minimum 1 inch frame width. Locate the framed plan in the fire suppression control valve room on the wall with the spare sprinkler cabinet.
- 4. Include step by step instructions to place the fire suppression system in service as well as to take it out of service. Provide complete maintenance information of primary fire suppression equipment, valves, fittings, sprinklers. Identify equipment indicating whether devices are replacement items or repairable. Provide parts list and suppliers for repairable items.
- 5. Include step by step procedures for required operational weekly/monthly/annual service and testing as required by NFPA 25. Provide a complete report of field test operations and results prior to substantial completion.

### L. Record Drawings:

- 1. Maintain current and up-to-date As-Built prints of the fire suppression system at the job site.
- 2. Approved full size As-Built drawings and electronic copy of as-built drawing files in PDF and DWG formats shall be submitted with IO&M manuals.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Furnish the services of a qualified and approved fire suppression subcontractor to provide the work of this specification section. Unless otherwise noted, this is substantially a "performance" specification.
- B. Minimum qualifications of the Contractor/subcontractor shall include the following:
  - 1. Specialist Firm: Company specializing in automatic fire suppression/sprinkler systems, possessing a minimum of three years of experience with systems similar in nature to the type specified herein. Demonstrate satisfactory completion of five projects of similar size and scope in the State of Alaska; provide references.
  - 2. Backflow Prevention: Installation and testing by a certified backflow assembly tester, in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code and Foundation for Cross-Connection Control and Hydraulic Research.
  - 3. Design Certification: Drawings and calculations shall be prepared by a Level III or IV Fire Sprinkler Designer, certified by the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET), in Fire Protection Engineering Technology Automatic Fire Sprinkler System Layout who also have their State of Alaska Permit IIC or IIC-DO license, or an Alaskan Licensed Professional Engineer.
  - 4. Maintain a complete stock of replacement parts.
  - 5. Remain on 24 hour call for emergency service.
  - 6. Maintain an office and telephone, with authorized representatives of the fire suppression contractor's firm, including the Designated Project Administrator, with a physical presence and address in Alaska.
  - 7. Bids by wholesalers, contractors, or any firm whose principal business is not that of manufacturing and/or installing fire suppression systems are not acceptable.

### C. Material:

- 1. Equipment and components: Bear the "UL" label or the "FM" approval marking.
- 2. Equipment and components: Bear the "FM" approval marking or "UL" if FM is not available and approved by Contracting Agency.
- 3. Grooved joint couplings, fittings, valves, and specialties shall be from the same manufacturer, including grooving tools.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### 1.7 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Existing portions of the building will be occupied and fully functional.
- B. Work shall be scheduled to minimize disruption of automatic fire suppression service, coordinate with Contracting Agency for shut down and maintain a fire watch when the existing system is inoperable.
- C. Check dimensions indicated on the Architectural and Structural Drawings, and verify dimensions at the site before fabricating any portion of the system. Any discrepancies in piping and head locations resulting from failure to do so shall be corrected expeditiously to provide proper coordination of trades.
- D. Coordinate work with that of other trades to make sure that adequate space is provided, including requirements for accessibility and serviceability. Locate sprinkler heads a minimum 6 inches distance from ceiling T-Bar, structural elements, devices, and other installed equipment. Adjust final location of piping and heads in field to accomplish these requirements for coordination.
- E. Identify structural penetrations for pipes, and submit details of those penetrations to the Structural Engineer for approval. Replace structural members that are damaged, cut, or penetrated without approval at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency.
- F. In addition to 200000 Mechanical General Requirements Part 3 demolition requirements, review the contract documents and any Contracting Agency furnished equipment and determine if any portion of the existing fire suppression system will be affected by the temporary or permanent implementation of any portion of this work. Provide Contracting Agency a list of the specific fire suppression and detection systems affected before proceeding with design or demolition

#### 1.8 ANNUAL MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT PROPOSAL

A. Provide upon request a cost proposal for performing annual maintenance recommended by NFPA 25.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL

- A. Provide only products that are a standard product of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of fire suppression equipment.
- B. Products and materials shall have a minimum working pressure of 175 PSIG and capable of withstanding a hydrostatic test pressure of 200 PSIG at 2 hours test pressure without damage, unless noted otherwise for higher pressure ratings or basis of design includes higher pressure ratings.
  - 1. Exception for approved ancillary devices that are normally isolated from the fire water and sprinkler lines shall have a minimum rated 150 PSIG working pressure.
- C. Submittals are required for all equipment, materials, and products.
- D. Glycol systems for fire suppression shall not be used.
- E. Exterior items shall be chrome finish or stainless steel.

### 2.2 LABELS, TAGS, AND APPROVALS FOR PRODUCTS

- A. Products UL or FM listed, labeled, and specifically approved for the fire suppression application where they are used.
- B. Products FM listed, labeled, and specifically approved for the fire suppression application where they are used.
- C. Label pipes, riser assemblies, and alarm valves, including zone designation; enamel on metal for valves.
- D. Tag equipment for maintenance and operations. Include in shop drawings and O&M manual.

### 2.3 MANUFACTURERS

A. Sprinkler System and Components: Match existing equipment for areas modified.

## 2.4 PIPE

- A. Plastic pipe is not allowed.
- B. The use of pipe nipples less than 1-inch in diameter and less than schedule 40 wall thickness is not allowed.
- C. Pipe shall be identified including manufacturer's name, model designation or schedule.

# D. Wet Pipe Sprinkler Systems:

- 1. Metallic pipes shall be listed for the intended service by UL or FM.
- 2. Whenever pipes other than steel schedule 40 is utilized, submit a statement that the pipe complies with NFPA 13 standards, the pipe strength is adequate for the application, and the pipe corrosion resistance ratio (CRR) shall be equal or greater than 1.0, equivalent to schedule 40 pipe for the installed system. Include this CRR data in product submittal.

### 2.5 FLEXIBLE SPRINKLER HOSE WITH THREADED END FITTINGS

- A. Flexible one-inch 304 stainless steel flexible sprinkler hose products shall be FM Global or UL tested and approved and submitted for the specific application. The drop system shall include required mounting brackets and appurtenances.
- B. Equivalent length of 1" schedule 40 steel pipe and pressure drop information shall be included in product submittal and hydraulic calculations.

### 2.6 FITTINGS, ABOVE GROUND

- A. Grooved Fittings, Couplings, and Mechanical Tees:
  - 1. Grooved Fittings: ductile iron fittings with flow equal to standard pattern. Fabricated or segmented fittings are not acceptable. Couplings and mechanical tees shall be standard painted, unless indicated otherwise.
  - 2. Grooved joint couplings shall consist of two ductile iron housing segments with pressure responsive gaskets and zinc plated, hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel hardware as required for application.
    - a. Rigid type: Couplings shall provide joint rigidity, support and hanging in accordance with NFPA 13.
    - b. Flexible type: For use in locations where vibration attenuation and stress relief or flexible connectors are required.
  - 3. Mechanical Tee Clamp-on. Ductile iron with pressure responsive gaskets and zinc plated, hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel hardware as required for application. Threaded or grooved outlets.
- B. Threaded fittings shall be compatible with piping system and include cast iron Class 125 and 250 and malleable iron Class 150 and 300 steel
- C. Pipe Flanges shall be compatible with piping system and include: Cast iron Class 125 and 250and malleable iron Class 150 and 300 steel
- D. Welded Pipe Fittings for Wet Pipe Sprinkler Only: Limited to Weld-o-lets, Thread-o-lets, Gruv-o-lets, Tees, and Welded Flanges. Welding limited to shop fabrication work with approved quality control process, welding procedures, and welders for specific application.

- E. Welded pipe joints and fittings shall not be used on galvanized pipe or on pipes with wall thickness less than schedule 10.
- F. Clamp-on, saddle type, or mechanical tee are not allowed for new work.
- G. Other means of joining pipe are not permitted.

### 2.7 SPRINKLER HEADS

- A. Provide sprinklers as required by NFPA 13 standards and in compliance with the IBC Chapter 9. Sprinkler heads to match existing in areas of remodels or modifications.
  - 1. Sprinklers in waiting area room shall be concealed type with cover to accent ceiling finish. Coordinate color selection with Architectural.
  - 2. Sprinklers of correct temperature rating shall be installed according to NFPA 13.
  - 3. Provide a minimum of 2 spare sprinkler heads of each type and temperature rating, and a minimum of one sprinkler wrench for each type of installed sprinkler. Wrenches shall directly engage the wrench boss cast into the sprinkler. Spare sprinkler cabinet shall be red sheet steel manufactured by the sprinkler manufacturer. Mount cabinet on the wall within 60 inches of the main sprinkler control riser.
  - 4. Provide additional sprinklers, as requested by Authority Having Jurisdiction, at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency.

## 2.8 PIPE AND EQUIPMENT ANCHORS, BRACING, HANGERS, AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide seismic anchoring, bracing, supports, and clearance for equipment, piping and sprinkler heads per NFPA 13, International Building Code, and ASCE 7. Most conservative criteria shall govern.
- B. Provide flexible couplings, bracing, and other components required and compatible with the piping materials and fittings.
- C. Hangers, bracing, and seismic details and locations shall be included on the shop drawings.
- D. Seismic support shall be in accordance with Factory Mutual Property Loss Prevention Data Sheet 2-8, Earthquake Protection for Water-Based Fire Protection Systems.

### 2.9 ELECTRICAL WORK

A. Provide electrical components, equipment, wire, conduit, connections, devices, and services as required by NFPA 72 and Division 26 requirements.

# 2.10 VALVE SUPERVISION, TAMPER, SWITCHES

- A. Provide supervision of valves on water supplies, sectional control and isolation valves, floor control valves, water supplies to standpipes fire pumps, and other valves in supply pipes to sprinklers and other fixed water-based fire suppression systems.
- B. Provide valve supervision switches compatible with fire alarm system in NEMA 4 enclosure.
- C. Coordinate with Division 26 requirements.

### 2.11 PRESSURE GAUGES

- A. Pressure gauges shall be 3-1/2" corrosion resistant moving parts, polycarbonate window with connection not smaller than 1/4" NPT, and maximum limit not less than twice the normal system working pressure at the point where installed.
- B. Provide 3-way globe shutoff valve with provisions for removal and draining on each pressure gauge.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 GENERAL

A. The contract documents have performance, materials, and installation requirements which exceed code minimums.

## 3.2 COORDINATION

- A. The fire suppression contractor shall coordinate their work with the work of other trades to assure timely installation and efficient use of mechanical areas including, but not limited to, medical gas rooms, rooms, and ceiling spaces.
- B. Promptly remove any work installed without proper coordination and reinstall in a manor to allow for a good practical arrangement of items which need to be installed by other trades involved.
- C. Costs associated with coordination, arranging or rearranging of the fire suppression system shall be borne by the affected contractor, without causing any additional expense or delay to the Contracting Agency.
- D. Installation, testing, O&M manuals, record drawings, and AHJ approvals shall be completed, submitted, and approved by the Contracting Agency before beneficial occupancy.
- E. Work shall be scheduled to minimize disruption of existing fire service. Coordinate with Contracting Agency for shut down and maintain a fire watch when system is inoperable.

### 3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Install pipes, fittings, and appurtenances in accordance with codes and recommended practices. Follow manufacturers' installation instructions.
- B. Installed system to have a corrosion resistance ratio (CRR) equal or greater than 1.0.
- C. Sprinkler pipe and fittings shall be installed to flush and drain system. Drains shall be accessible. Discharge test pipes, backflow system demand flow tests, and system main drain to safe location outside. Coordinate discharge point with Contracting Agency.
  - 1. Arrange pipes to drain to the main drain valve where practicable. Where connection to the main drain or other exterior drainage is impractical, as shown on shop drawings, install low point drain stations in accordance with NFPA 13. Route drain lines to nearest waste receptor where possible.
  - 2. Identify the location of drain and test stations with signs on access panels, ceiling panels, or walls adjacent to the station, visible from the floor.
  - 3. Provide auxiliary drain where change in piping direction prevents drainage through main drain valve.
  - 4. Coordinate routing of drain lines to waste receptors. Direct connection shall not be made between sprinkler drain lines and sewers.
- D. Provide clearance around pipes extending through walls, floors, ceilings, platforms, and foundations, including drains, fire department connections, and other auxiliary pipes. Holes shall be sized 2" larger than the pipe for pipe 1" to 3-1/2" and 4" larger for pipe 4" and larger, unless flexible couplings are located within 1 foot of each side of item penetrated, and excluding frangible construction that is not required to have a fire resistance rating.
- E. Install pipes to conserve building space and route pipes around roof hatches, electrical panels, access panels, and maintenance accesses.
- F. Minimum 3 inches clearance from structure not used to support pipes.
- G. Provide service access around equipment per manufacturer's requirements, minimum of 18 inches.
- H. Provide flexible couplings as required per NFPA 13 and at the following locations:
  - 1. Penetrated fire and smoke rated assemblies.
  - 2. Within 24 inches of building's expansion joints.
  - 3. Within 12 inches above and within 24 inches below for the floor in multistory buildings.
- I. Sprinkler pipes shall be substantially supported from the building structure, which shall support the water loaded pipe plus a minimum 250 pounds temporary point load applied at the point of hanging. Pipe hangers shall include 250 pounds and weight of 5 time pipe filled with water.
- J. Pipes shall be concealed, except at ceilings exposed to structure, or as noted. Conceal pipes in areas with finished ceilings except where otherwise specified or indicated. Coordinate with the other trades to take timely advantage of available space above ceilings, below raised floor, in pipe and duct spaces and elsewhere.

- K. Pipes shall not be concealed in walls.
- L. Pipes in exposed ceiling areas shall be limited to branches serving heads in the area. Pipe routing shall be coordinated to minimize visual impact and approved prior to installation.
- M. Connection to existing systems shall be configured and installed for flushing and draining of all pipes including, but not limited to, system supplies and risers, risers, cross and feed mains, and branches.
- N. Provide penetrations where pipes pass through walls, floors, or ceilings. Penetrations shall be in accordance with UL Fire Resistance Directory for "Through Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ)".
- O. Pipes supported from manufactured structural members shall comply with truss manufacturer's installation recommendations for hanger attachments and loading of pipe hangers.
- P. Pipes passing pre-drilled structural elements to be shown on approved shop drawings.
- Q. Fasten trapeze members to truss chords or structural members.
- R. Install "beam clamp" type fasteners with retainer straps and locking nuts. Retainer strap shall be tight to beam.
- S. Pipe size reductions by one-piece reducing fittings; bushing shall not be used.

### 3.4 GROOVED AND ROLLED FITTINGS

- A. Follow the manufacturer's suggested methods to prepare gaskets, pipes, and fittings to prevent leakage, system breakdown, and designed pipe and fitting movement.
- B. Cut grooved pipe shall be limited to schedule 40 pipe.
- C. Welding fittings shall not be used on galvanized pipe.
- D. Installers to have been trained by the coupling manufacturer in the use of grooving tools and installation of product. The manufacturer's representative shall periodically visit the job site to ensure best practices are being followed.

### 3.5 SPRINKLER HEAD INSTALLATION

- A. Sprinkler heads to be centered per approved shop drawings. Changes due to field conditions shall be pre-approved.
- B. Sprinkler heads to be centered on acoustical lay-in panels and symmetrically 4-way on architectural drawings laid out in each separate room or space with GWB type ceiling regardless of finishes and minimum Code requirements.

- C. Partial sprinkler head layout shown on architectural drawings is for design intent only. Sprinkler heads to be centered on acoustical lay-in panels and symmetrically 2-way on architectural drawings laid out in each separate room or space with GWB type ceiling regardless of finishes and minimum Code requirements.
- D. Sprinkler heads shall be connected to system via minimum 1-inch diameter flexible stainless steel sprinkler hose in suspended ceiling areas, areas subject to tenant renovations, where indicated, and where required for seismic criteria. Ceiling systems with listed flex hose connections shall be identified on shop drawings.
- E. Escutcheons and cover plates shall be metallic and listed for the assembly.
- F. Do not install sprinklers that have been dropped, damaged, show a visible loss of fluid, or a cracked bulb.
- G. The sprinkler bulb protector shall be removable by hand, without tools or devices that may damage the bulb.
- H. Sprinkler head temperature ratings shall be selected based upon installed distance from heat source.
- I. Provide clearance for removal of sprinkler heads and minimum 1-inch clearance from structure. Exclude concealed, recessed, and flush types, which have clearances above the ceiling.
- J. Identify sprinklers with less than 8 feet between them and include listing and NFPA 13 criteria.

### 3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Valves: Control, auxiliary control, drain, and test connection valve shall have permanently secured weatherproof metal identification signs.
  - 1. Systems with more than one control valve that must be closed to work on an area shall have a sign referring to existence and location of other valves.
  - 2. Control valve identification to include its function and what it controls.
- B. Coordinate with valve, zones, and pipe identification with Framed Building Plan and fire alarm nomenclature.
- C. Rooms containing control valve, fire pump, and similar equipment requiring fire department identification or access shall have signage.
- D. Coordinate exterior and interior signage with architect and AHJ requirements.
- E. Sprinkler system hydraulic design and relevant general information. Information shall meet NFPA 13 and NFPA 25 requirements for inspection, testing, and maintenance.

### 3.7 ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Provide electrical work, connections, routings, signals, power, and services as required by NFPA 72 and Division 26 requirements.
- B. Coordinate switches, connections, alarms, and number and type of devices with electrical work. Devices shall be compatible with Fire Alarm System requirements.

### 3.8 ACCESS DOORS

A. Provide access doors where "Fire Suppression" valves, switches, drain valves, or other controlling or monitoring devices are concealed. Label doors for quick location and recognition of concealed devices. For rated assemblies provide rated access door to match assembly's rating. Paint door to match existing adjacent surfaces.

### 3.9 FLUSHING

- A. New and modified systems in or serving area of work shall be arranged for flushing. Cross main ends shall be provided with readily removable fittings and shall terminate with 1-1/4" or larger pipe.
- B. Flush pipes before pressure testing.

### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Arrange for proper witnessing of tests, as required by Authority Having Jurisdiction, and as specified elsewhere. Contracting Agency's representative may witness tests. Notify Contracting Agency a minimum of 3 days in advance of test.
- B. Arrange new and existing systems in or serving the area of work for testing. Limits and criteria for testing existing systems impacted by work under this contract to be coordinated with Contracting Agency and AHJ.
- C. Conduct tests in accordance with applicable codes and AHJ requirements.
- D. Test tamper, supervisory, flow, and system alarm actuations and alarm monitoring systems.
- E. Submit test results to Affiliated Factory Mutual for acceptance.
- F. Pipe shall not be concealed until satisfactorily pressure tested.
- G. Log of test shall be kept at the job site and shall identify:
  - 1. Who performed the test,
  - 2. Time and date of test,
  - 3. Section of system tested,
  - 4. Results of test,
  - 5. Completed Contractor's Material and Test Certification forms.

- H. Verify permanently marked weatherproof metal "Hydraulic Design Information Sign" is secured with corrosion resistant fastener at each modified system alarm valve and information matches approved shop drawings and hydraulic calculations.
- I. Provide a letter of certification stating that testing and flushing has been performed in accordance with the applicable codes and standards. Itemize codes and standards complied with.

END OF SECTION 211000

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Pipe, fittings, and connections for domestic potable water system.
- 2. Mechanical coupling systems.
- 3. Piping accessories.
- 4. Valves.
- 5. Indirect Fired Water Heater.
- 6. Domestic hot water thermal expansion tanks.
- 7. Water hammer arresters.
- 8. Trap primer valves.
- 9. Water Filters for Break Room and Hydration Room.
- 10. Access doors.

### B. Related Sections:

- 1. 019100 Commissioning
- 2. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 3. 200529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports
- 4. 200548 Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Control
- 5. 200553 Mechanical Identification
- 6. 200700 Mechanical Insulation
- 7. 204100 Mechanical Demolition
- 8. 211000 Water Based Fire Suppression Systems
- 9. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties
- 10. 224000 Plumbing Fixtures
- 11. 230593 Testing, Adjusting and Balancing

### 1.2 REFERENCES

#### A. Codes and Standards:

- 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. Foundation for Cross-Connection Control and Hydraulic Research, 9th edition, University of Southern California.
- 3. NFPA 24, Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances.
- 4. 2011 Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act.
- 5. NSF/ANSI 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects.

# B. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:

1. Refer to Division 01 for general abbreviations, acronyms, and definitions.

- 2. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical related definitions.
- 3. Refer to Mechanical Drawings legend sheet for general mechanical related abbreviations.

### 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

### A. Design Requirements:

- 1. This section describes specific requirements, products and methods of execution for interrelated systems necessary for the various plumbing systems and equipment.
- 2. Wetted surfaces of pipes, fittings, valves, and equipment in potable water systems shall be lead free as defined by the 2011 Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act.

## B. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Potable water systems shall perform quietly, with no objectionable vibration transmitted to the surrounding construction.
- 2. Replace piping and equipment that does not perform as intended with properly operating equipment.

### 1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Refer to Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed:

### B. Product Data:

- 1. Submit product literature for items specified in Part 2 and those products required by the performance standards of this section. Literature clearly annotated to indicate specified salient features and performance criteria.
- 2. Indicate valve data and ratings.
- 3. Provide plumbing specialty component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.

# C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. This Section shop drawings to be submitted under Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. Show placement of fixtures and plumbing equipment.
- D. Certificates: Provide certificate of compliance from Authority Having Jurisdiction indicating approval of installation of cross contamination protection devices.

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- E. Manufacturer's Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (IO&M) Manuals.
- F. Test and Evaluation Reports:
  - 1. Submit hydrostatic pressure test report.
  - 2. Submit sterilization of system report.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS:

A. Refer to Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general closeout submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed:

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical warranty requirements.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 WATER SERVICE PIPING (ABOVE GRADE INSIDE BUILDING)

- A. Copper (Hard drawn):
  - 1. Tubing: Type L (ASTM B88).
  - 2. Fittings:
    - a. Cast copper alloy (ASME B16.18).
    - b. Wrought copper and bronze (ASME B16.22).
  - 3. Joints: Solder, Grade 95TA (ASTM B32).
- B. Copper Press Fitting System:
  - 1. Limited to tubing sizes 4 inch and smaller.
  - 2. Cast or wrought copper fittings, ASME B16.18 or ASME B16.22. Pre-formed grooves with pre-lubricated EPDM O-rings designed to seal fitting to copper tubing water tight with

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the use of manufacturer's crimping tool. Fittings shall be rated for 250 degrees F and 200 PSI

- 3. IAPMO UPC listing.
- 4. Manufacturer: Viega ProPress, NIBCO Press System, no substitutions.

## 2.2 UNIONS (STANDARD)

## A. Steel Piping (Threaded):

- 1. Class 150 malleable iron, ground joint, copper or copper alloy seat. AnvilStar Figure 463. (150 PSIG steam, 300 WOG).
- 2. Where indicated: Class 250 malleable iron ground joint, copper or copper alloy seat. AnvilStar Figure 554.
- B. Copper Piping (Sweat and Threaded): Cast bronze, ground joint, copper to copper, or copper to threaded joint. Nibco 733-LF series.

## 2.3 DIELECTRIC ISOLATORS (ELECTRICALLY INSULATING)

- A. Provide dielectric unions for 2 inch pipe and smaller.
- B. Provide dielectric flanges for 2-1/2 inch pipe and larger.
- C. Insulating gaskets, all types, shall be suitable for fluid type, temperature and pressure.
- D. Galvanized pipe to copper: Brass threaded end and sweat copper end.
- E. Black steel to copper: Zinc plated steel threaded end and sweat copper end.
- F. Manufacturers: Capitol, Epco, Control Plastics, Watts, or approved equal.

### 2.4 VALVES

### A. General:

- 1. Select valves of the best quality and type suited for the specific service and piping system used.
- 2. Minimum working pressure rating 125 PSIG saturated steam or 200 PSIG WOG.
- 3. Packing material or seals shall not contain asbestos.

#### B. Ball Valves:

- 1. Two (2) inch and smaller: Two piece type, full port, bronze body and silicone bronze ball or chrome plated brass ball, TFE seats, blowout proof stem, 150 PSIG pressure/temperature rating (steam).
- 2. Two and one half (2-1/2) inches through four (4) inch: Two piece type, full port, bronze body and silicone bronze ball or chrome plated brass ball, TFE seats, 150 PSIG

pressure/temperature rating (steam). May be substituted for gate valves except where otherwise indicated.

### C. Gate Valves:

- 1. Two (2) inch and smaller: Bronze body and trim, rising stem, solid wedge. Use only where shown on drawings.
- 2. Two and one half (2-1/2) inch through four (4) inch: Iron-body, bronze trim, flanged threaded or sweat fitting. Non-rising stem: Inside screw. Rising stem: OS&Y. Bronze valves optional for 2-1/2 inch and three-inch.

# D. Swing Check Valves:

- 1. Two (2) inch and smaller: Bronze body, horizontal swing, Y-pattern, Buna-N-disc for water, oil and gas. TFE disc for steam.
- 2. Two and one half (2-1/2) inch and larger: Iron body, horizontal swing, bolted bonnet, renewable bronze seat and disc, flanged. Bronze valves optional for 2-1/2 inch and 3 inch.

### E. Drain Valves:

- 1. Full port ball valve with threaded hose adapter with bronze end cap.
- 2. Do not use sillcocks or butterfly valves as drain valves.

### 2.5 BALANCING VALVES

- A. Provide a balancing valve at each point shown on the domestic hot water recirculation branches. Except as indicated, balancing valves shall be full line size. Wide open pressure drop selected at one PSI (2.3 feet) (nominal).
- B. Provide calibrated plug or ball valve type balancing valves with self-sealing quick connect pressure taps, scale and locking device, NSF-61 approved for potable water use. Include schedule with submittal.
- C. Manufacturer: Bell & Gossett, or equal.
- D. Provide test kit with gauge and hoses to match balancing valves.

# 2.6 AUTOMATIC FLOW LIMITING VALVES

- A. Provide automatic flow limiting valves where shown on the Drawings.
- B. Provide valves with integral isolation valve, strainer, and pressure test ports. NFS-61 approved for potable water use.
- C. Provide valve with maximum flow set to design flow of the heat transfer device being served as scheduled.
- D. Manufacturer: Griswold Controls, or equal.

### 2.7 INDIRECT-FIRED WATER HEATER

- A. Provide an indirect-fired water heater of the size and capacity shown on the Drawings. Certify that the heater complies with the requirements of ASHRAE 90.1.
- B. Tank:
  - 1. 316L stainless steel shell.
  - 2. Maximum working pressure of 150 PSI.
  - 3. Inlet and outlet connections.
  - 4. 3/4-inch tapping for relief valve.
  - 5. Thermal heat trap to reduce standby heat loss.
  - 6. Accessories: ASME rated temperature and pressure relief valve.
- C. Polyethylene outer jacket, over CFC-free urethane foam insulation. Insulation thickness and efficiency shall be as required to meet energy efficiency requirements of ASHRAE 90.1.
- D. Heat Exchanger:
  - 1. Finned copper with Stanoguard plating.
  - 2. Inlet and outlet heating pipe connections.
- E. Controls. Provide a complete and operating control system, including the following features:
  - 1. Electro-mechanical AquaStat temperature control.
  - 2. High temperature limiting device.
  - 3. UL approved controls, factory wired.
  - 4. Provide control wiring diagram.
- F. Manufacturer: Amtrol Premier WHS Series or approved equal.

### 2.8 DOMESTIC HOT WATER CIRCULATING PUMPS

- A. Direct drive, field replaceable stainless steel cartridge, self-lubricating.
- B. Aluminum stator, non-metallic impeller, ceramic shaft, carbon bearings.
- C. O-ring and Gaskets: EPDM
- D. Flange mount, bronze construction.
- E. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Taco (Basis of Design).
  - 2. B&G.
  - 3. Approved equal.

### 2.9 DOMESTIC HOT WATER THERMAL EXPANSION TANKS

#### A. Tank:

- 1. ASME stamped.
- 2. Steel tank shell steel support stand.
- 3. Enamel or urethane coating.
- 4. NSF approved polypropylene liner.
- 5. FDA approved replaceable butyl rubber bladder.
- 6. Brass threaded system connection.
- 7. With manufacturer's optional seismic restraint kit.

## B. Operating Characteristics:

- 1. Maximum Working Temperature: 200 degrees F.
- 2. Maximum Working Pressure: 150 PSIG.
- 3. Tank Precharge: 29 PSIG.
  - a. Verify static cold water pressure at penthouse level and adjust tank precharge to match.
- C. Manufacturer: Amtrol Therm-X-Trol (Basis of Design), Taco, or equal.

### 2.10 WATER HAMMER ARRESTERS

### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Sioux Chief.
- 2. Precision Plumbing Products.
- 3. Mifab.
- 4. Zurn.
- 5. Any other manufacturer meeting the requirements of the contract documents. Substitution request not required.

# B. Pressurized Piston Type:

- 1. Description: ASSE 1010 certified water hammer arrester.
- 2. Performance:
  - a. Maximum working temperature of 250 degrees F.
  - b. Maximum working pressure of 350 PSIG.

### 3. Materials:

- a. Seamless copper body.
- b. EPDM o-rings lubricated with FDA approved compound.
- C. Expansion Bellows Type:

- 1. Description: ASSE 1010 certified water hammer arrester.
- 2. Performance:
  - a. Maximum working temperature of 250 degrees F.
  - b. Maximum working pressure of 350 PSIG.
- 3. Materials: Stainless steel body and bellows.

### 2.11 PRESSURE GAUGES

- A. Provide where shown on drawings, specified in Part 3, or as required.
- B. Bourdon tube type with minimum 4-1/2-inch dial, accuracy plus or minus 1 percent (ANSI/ASME Grade 1A). Normal operating pressure near midpoint of range. Industrial quality.
- C. Type 304 stainless steel case and ring, acrylic lens.
- D. NSF-61 certified lead free brass.
- E. Gauge cock on gauges and pulsation damper (snubber).
- F. Manufacturers: Winters PCT-LF, or approved equal.

# 2.12 THERMOMETERS

- A. Provide where shown on drawings, specified in Part 3, or as required.
- B. Liquid in glass type: Industrial quality blue-reading with minimum nine-inch scale length. Adjustable angle connection and 360-degree rotation for easy installation and visibility.
- C. Aluminum or Valox® impact resistant case, polycarbonate lens.
- D. Accuracy plus or minus 1 percent. Normal operating temperature at scale midpoint and sufficient range to cover operating conditions.
- E. Provide separable wells of suitable material for plumbing piping. Set probe in heat transfer paste recommended by thermometer manufacturer.
- F. Manufacturers: Winters TIM-LF, or approved equal.

### 2.13 TRAP PRIMER VALVES

# A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Precision Plumbing Products.
- 2. MIFAB.
- 3. ProFlo.

# B. Electronic Type:

1. Description: UL listed, trap primer assembly designed to discharge a metered amount of water to floor drain traps on a timed schedule. Assembly includes electronic solenoid valve, timer box with test button, circuit breaker, 1-inch air gap, and NEMA 1 surface mounted wall box with cover.

### 2. Performance:

- a. Pre-set timer opens once for 10 seconds every 24 hours.
- b. 20-150 PSI pressure range. Minimum 2 ounces of water at 20 PSI per drain served.
- c. 32-125 degrees F temperature range.
- d. 120-volt, single phase electrical connection with 0.11 amps hold current and 0.23 amps inrush current.

### 3. Materials:

- a. Copper with lead-free solder.
- b. 16 gauge steel wall box and cover.
- c. Stainless steel mesh screen.
- 4. Manufacturer: Precision Plumbing Products Mini-Prime MP-500-12V.

# 2.14 WATER FILTER SYSTEMS FOR BREAK ROOM AND HYDRATION ROOM (WF-1)

- A. Inline water filter designed to reduce particulate, chlorine taste, odor, and scale.
- B. NSF certified, rated to 1.5 GPM flowrate and 10,000 gallons capacity.
- C. Plastic housing with replaceable filter cartridge.
- D. Rated to 125 PSIG operating pressure and 100 degrees F operating temperature.
- E. Furnish Owner with 1 spare filter cartridge.
- F. Manufacturer: 3M BREW125-MS, or approved equal.

#### 2.15 ACCESS DOORS

- A. Provide access doors for mechanical systems in accordance with Section 083113 Access Doors and Frames.
- B. Provide UL labeled access doors and panels when required for fire resistance of surrounding construction.
- C. Provide key locks on access doors located in public areas below eight feet above finished floor.
- D. Prime coat steel.

- E. Coordinate location and size of access doors in walls, partitions, floors, and ceilings to correspond with valves, trap primers, cleanouts, and other devices requiring service or adjustment. Maintain any fire rating of the surrounding construction.
- F. Manufacturers: Elmdor, KARP, Milcor, MIFAB.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

A. Protection of In-Place Conditions: Cover equipment and plug piping connections to protect components from construction dirt and debris.

## B. Surface Preparation:

- 1. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated.
- 2. Refer to Section 200556 Interior Trench Excavation and Backfill.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

#### A. Interface with Other Work:

- 1. Review architectural drawings. Coordinate locations of access panels prior to piping installation.
- 2. Review millwork shop drawings. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before rough-in and installation.
- 3. Rework required as a result of failure to follow the manufacturer's written installation instructions or to properly coordinate with related work shall be completed at no additional expense to the Owner.
- 4. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting. Refer to Division 9 for instructions on painting and coordination.

# B. Water Service Piping:

- 1. Install piping and plumbing products in accordance with UPC and manufacturer's instructions. Provide seismic anchoring, bracing, supports, and clearance for equipment, piping and sprinkler heads per UPC, IBC, and ASCE-07; most conservative criteria shall govern.
- 2. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- 3. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- 4. At fixtures, install and connect hot water on left and cold water on right, as viewed when facing the fixture.
- 5. Use of bullhead tee with opposed flow, double inlet configuration not allowed.

### C. Valves:

- 1. Provide accessible ball type isolation valves at major piping branches, and on main lines as shown, and at terminal devices.
- 2. Install balancing valves for hot water recirculation system to be accessible and adjustable.

# D. Domestic Hot Water Thermal Expansion Tanks:

- 1. Field verify static pressure at cold water line at penthouse level and adjust to precharge to match water pressure.
- 2. Provide housekeeping pad for expansion tank mounting. Coordinate pad size to accommodate tank seismic restraint anchorage and minimum anchor bold edge distance in accordance with Contractor's seismic restraint design.
- E. Water Hammer Arresters: Install in accordance with manufacturer recommendations.
- F. Provide finished products with protective covers during balance of construction.
- G. Access Doors: Provide appropriate size and install such that plumbing features are readily accessible and maintainable.
- H. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- I. Install water filter in accordance with manufacturer recommendations:
  - 1. Mount filter assembly inside sink base cabinet. Coordinate mounting location in base cabinet for maintenance access. Where base cabinets include a trash receptacle, locate water filter assembly away from trash receptacle.
  - 2. Provide shutoff valves upstream and downstream of filter assembly for servicing.
  - 3. Connect filter to cold water supply line.
  - 4. Route filtered water line to coffee makers, ice makers, and instant hot water dispensers as indicated on drawings.

### 3.3 REPAIR/RESTORATION

- A. Repair any product components broken during installation or startup with replacement parts supplied by the product manufacturer.
- B. Substitute replacement parts from other manufacturers are not acceptable.

## 3.4 SITE QUALITY CONTROL

## A. Site Tests:

- 1. Test water piping hydrostatically at 100 PSIG or 150 percent of working pressure, whichever is greater, for a period of four hours. Observe piping during this period and repair leaks and retest.
- 2. Air Test:

- a. In general, air testing is not acceptable. In the event of low temperature conditions that would subject system piping to freezing, an equivalent air pressure test may be conducted in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code with prior Contracting Agency approval.
- b. Test with clean air at 150 percent of system working pressure but not less than 75 PSIG or more than 150 PSIG. System shall hold pressure for not less than four hours. Inspect joints using leak detecting fluid or soapy water. Repair leaks and retest.
- c. Observe necessary safety procedures when testing with air including, but not limited to, use of protective goggles or face shields. Only persons directly involved in testing procedure shall be within 20 feet of a pipe under pressure.
- 3. Test results shall be certified in writing as required by General Conditions. Include dates and sections tested, test pressure, test duration, printed names and signatures of person performing the test and Contracting Agency witnessing the test.
- B. Inspection: Arrange for inspections and provide notice to the Contracting Agency when the entire work or logical portions thereof, is ready for inspection.

## 3.5 SYSTEM STARTUP

- A. Start-up and operate plumbing systems and equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's written installation and operation manual checklist.
- B. Document start-up and operational checks using the checklist and submit in accordance with submittal requirements.
- C. Operationally test control and safety devices and record settings.
- D. Submit a copy of start-up report that includes final settings and that indicates that the start-up of each piece of equipment has been completed.

### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Sterilization of Domestic Water Systems:
  - 1. Sterilize each unit of completed supply line and distribution system with chlorine before acceptance for domestic operation.
  - 2. Sterilization as described below or by the system prescribed by the American Water Works Association Standard C-651. Apply the amount of chlorine to provide a dosage of not less than 50 PPM (parts per million). Provide chlorine manufactured in conformance to the following standards:
    - a. Liquid Chlorine: Federal Specification BB-C-120.
    - b. Hypochlorite: General Specification O-C-114a, type 11, Grade B or Federal Specification O-X-602.
  - 3. Introduce the chlorinating material to the water lines and distribution system after piping system has been thoroughly flushed. Maintain a contact period of not less than 24 hours.

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Flush the system with clean water until the residual chlorine content is not greater than 1.0 part per million.

- 4. Open and close valves in the lines being sterilized several times during above chlorination.
- 5. Certify in writing that sterilization has been completed in accordance with these requirements.
- B. After construction is completed, clean and wipe down exposed surfaces of pumps, piping and appurtenances.

END OF SECTION 221100

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Sanitary waste and vent pipe and fittings.
- 2. Cleanouts.

#### B. Related Sections:

- 1. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 2. 200529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports
- 3. 200548 Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Control
- 4. 200553 Mechanical Identification
- 5. 200700 Mechanical Insulation
- 6. 204100 Mechanical Demolition
- 7. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 8. 224000 Plumbing Fixtures

## 1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and Standards: See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:
  - 1. Refer to Division 01 for general abbreviations, acronyms, and definitions.
  - 2. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical related definitions.
  - 3. Refer to Mechanical Drawings legend sheet for general mechanical related abbreviations.
  - 4. ASA American Supply Association.
  - 5. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials
  - 6. CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute.

## 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Design Requirements: This section describes specific requirements, products and methods of execution for sanitary waste systems and equipment.

# B. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Sanitary waste systems shall perform quietly, with no objectionable vibration transmitted to the surrounding construction.
- 2. Replace piping that does not perform as intended with properly operating equipment.

3. Provide products with performance, output or salient features indicated or scheduled on the drawings.

### 1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed:

### B. Product Data:

- 1. Submit product literature for items specified in Part 2 and those products required by the performance standards of this section. Clearly annotate literature to indicate specified salient features and performance criteria.
- 2. Provide plumbing specialty component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.

## C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. This Section shop drawings to be submitted under Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. Indicate pipe grade and direction of slope. Indicate elevation of piping at the beginning and end of each main, and at branch connections.
- 3. Coordinate exact locations of drains, floor penetrations and structural penetrations with applicable trades.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- E. Test and Evaluation Reports:
  - 1. Submit pressure test report.
  - 2. Submit system flushing report.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general closeout submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed:
- B. Warranty Documentation.
- C. Record Documentation:
  - 1. Record actual dimensioned locations for buried or inaccessible piping.
  - 2. Show actual cleanout locations and types.

## 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical warranty requirements.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 DRAINAGE PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Hub-less Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Charlotte Pipe and Foundry.
    - b. Tyler Pipe and Coupling.
    - c. AB&I Foundry.
    - d. Equal.
  - 2. Pipe: CISPI 301, ASA group 022.
  - 3. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 4. Couplings:
    - a. Manufacturers:
      - 1). Husky Series 2000.
      - 2). MG Coupling.
      - 3). Any other manufacturer meeting the requirements of the contract documents. Substitution request not required.
    - b. Description: No-hub cast iron pipe couplings conforming to standard CISPI 310.
    - c. Materials:
      - 1). Gaskets conforming to ASTM C564.

- 2). Stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.
- B. Copper Pipe, DWV: ASTM B75, ASTM B251, ASTM B302, ASTM B306.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.23 cast bronze, or ASME B16.29 wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, lead-free solder, Grade 50B.
- C. Copper Pipe, pumped application: Type L, ASTM B88.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.23 cast bronze, or ASME B16.29 wrought copper.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, lead-free solder, Grade 50B.

## 2.2 ADAPTERS

## A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Romac.
- 2. Any other manufacturer meeting the requirements of the contract documents. Substitution request not required.
- B. Use to connect pipes of same nominal size but different outside diameter or pipes of different material (cast iron to ductile iron, etc.).
- C. Rigid sleeve type coupling, ductile iron center ring and end rings, elastomeric gaskets, corrosion resistant bolts or polyethylene encasement.

## 2.3 CLEANOUTS

#### A. Manufacturers:

- 1. Zurn.
- 2. Mifab.
- 3. J.R. Smith.
- 4. Any other manufacturer meeting the requirements of the contract documents. Substitution request not required.

### B. Floor Cleanouts:

- 1. Cast iron body, bronze plug with neoprene gasket.
- 2. Adjustable head to match finished floor elevation.
- 3. Round, scoriated bronze top.
- 4. Where indicated, provide cleanout tops with tile-terrazzo insert or carpet insert to match surrounding floor finish.

## C. Wall Cleanouts:

- 1. Cast iron body, recessed bronze plug.
- 2. Wall access panel or access cover with center screw.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

## A. Interface with Other Work:

- 1. Review architectural and millwork shop drawings.
- 2. Confirm location of cleanouts and access panels prior to installation.
- B. Protection: Cover equipment and plug piping connections to protect components from construction dirt and debris.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install plumbing systems in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and listing.
- B. Provide finished products with protective covers during balance of construction.
- C. Access Doors: Provide appropriate size and install such that plumbing features are readily accessible and maintainable.

# D. Piping:

- 1. Grading: Minimum 1/4 inch per foot unless indicated otherwise on drawings and approved by AHJ for shallower slopes.
- 2. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- 3. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- 4. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- 5. Where pipe support members are welded to structural building framing; scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welding.
- 6. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories ready for finish painting. Refer to Division 9 Finishes.
- 7. Connections:
  - a. Thread Joints: Assemble with TFE tape or approved non-hardening joint compound.
  - b. Solder Joints: Assemble with lead free solder.
  - c. Grooved and other joints: Assemble in accordance with manufacturer instructions.

## E. Vents:

- 1. Install vents as indicated and as required by plumbing code. Add vents when field conditions increase the length of a trap arm or cause other changes in venting requirements.
- 2. Unless otherwise indicated, the portion of the vent extending through roof shall be increased in size from one foot below roof assembly to termination as defined below. Increase as follows:

- a. Vent size two-inch and under; vent thru roof three-inch.
- b. Vent size three-inch; vent thru roof four-inch.
- c. Vent size four-inch; vent thru roof six-inch.
- d. Vent size six inch & larger; vent thru roof same size.
- 3. Termination of Vent: As required by the Uniform Plumbing Code.

### F. Cleanouts:

- 1. Provide as indicated on drawings.
- 2. If field conditions create additional offsets or increase length of piping shown, provide additional cleanouts as required by the Uniform Plumbing Code and AHJ.

#### 3.3 REPAIR/RESTORATION

- A. Rework required as a result of failure to follow the manufacturer's written installation instructions or to properly coordinate with related Work shall be completed at no additional expense to the Owner.
- B. Repair any product components broken during installation or startup with replacement parts supplied by the product manufacturer.
- C. Substitute replacement parts from other manufacturers are not acceptable.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Arrange for inspections and provide notice to the Contracting Agency when the entire Work, or logical portions thereof, is ready for inspection.
- B. Maintain current as-built drawings on-site recording including invert elevations, connections to fixtures, cleanouts, slopes, pipe sizes, and routing of pipes. Annotate sections of lines with dates when pressure tests have been approved by AHJ.

# C. Pressure Tests:

- 1. Water Test: Test waste and vent system with water in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code.
- 2. Air Test:
  - a. In general, air testing is not acceptable. In the event of low temperature conditions that would subject system piping to freezing, an equivalent air pressure test may be conducted in accordance with the Uniform Plumbing Code with prior Contracting Agency approval.
  - b. Observe necessary safety procedures when testing with air including, but not limited to, use of protective goggles or face shields. Only persons directly involved in testing procedure shall be with 20 feet of a pipe under pressure.

- 3. Test results shall be certified in writing as required by General Conditions. Include dates and sections tested, test pressure, test duration, printed names and signatures of person performing the test and Contracting Agency witnessing the test.
- D. Verify penetrations are installed to maintain assembly integrity.
- E. Coordinate with Divisions 26, 27 and 28 for power, disconnects, and related electrical items.

## 3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust functional components for proper operation in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, or as otherwise directed.

## 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean and flush drain piping to remove dirt and foreign debris from systems.
- B. Clean exposed pipes, fittings, and materials.
- C. Provide written certification which documents that the complete sanitary sewer system has been flushed of foreign debris. Include date and printed names and signatures of person(s) performing the flush and Contracting Agency witnessing the flush.

# 3.7 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. Start-up and operate plumbing systems and equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's written installation and operation manual checklist.
- B. Document start-up and operational checks using the checklist and submit in accordance with submittal requirements.

**END OF SECTION 221300** 

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Water closets.
- 2. Urinals.
- 3. Lavatories.
- 4. Sinks.
- 5. Supply and drain boxes.
- 6. Emergency fixtures.
- 7. Drinking fountains.
- 8. ADA plumbing fixture piping insulation.

### B. Related Sections:

- 1. 019100 Commissioning
- 2. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 3. 200548 Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Control
- 4. 200553 Mechanical Identification
- 5. 200700 Mechanical Insulation
- 6. 204100 Mechanical Demolition
- 7. 221100 Domestic Water Piping and Specialties
- 8. 221300 Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping and Specialties

## 1.2 REFERENCES

## A. Codes and Standards:

- 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE).

# B. Abbreviations, Acronyms and Definitions:

- 1. Refer to Division 01 for general abbreviations, acronyms, and definitions.
- 2. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general mechanical related definitions.
- 3. Refer to Mechanical Drawings legend sheet for general mechanical related abbreviations.
- 4. GPF Gallons Per Flush.
- 5. PSI Pounds per Square Inch.
- 6. PSIG Pounds per Square Inch Gauge.
- 7. "Handicap", "handicapped", or "ADA compliant": Refers to fixtures that comply with the requirements of ANSI A117.1.

### 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

## A. Design Requirements:

- 1. This section describes specific requirements, products and methods of execution for plumbing fixtures.
- 2. Plumbing fixtures in potable water systems shall be lead free as defined by the 2011 Reduction of Lead in Drinking Water Act.

# B. Performance Requirements:

- 1. Potable water systems shall perform quietly, with no objectionable vibration transmitted to the surrounding construction.
- 2. Replace piping and fixtures that do not perform as intended with properly operating piping and fixtures.

## 1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed.

#### B. Product Data:

- 1. Provide plumbing specialty component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- 2. Provide catalog illustrations of fixtures, sizes, rough-in dimensions, utility sizes, trim, and finishes.

## C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. This Section shop drawings to be submitted under Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- 2. Indicate dimensions and weights of fixtures and equipment, and placement of openings and holes.
- D. Manufacturer's Installation, Operation, and Maintenance (IO&M) Manual.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

## 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements, for general mechanical warranty requirements.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 FIXTURES

- A. Traps, Stops and Supplies:
  - 1. Provide traps, stops and supplies for fixtures.
  - 2. Sink/lavatory P-Traps: 17 gauge chrome-plated tubular brass or cast brass.
  - 3. Supplies: Flexible, stainless steel.
  - 4. Stops: Quarter-turn, removable key type. Commercial quality metal components only; no plastic parts.
- B. Escutcheons: Provide chrome plated wall escutcheons for pipe penetrations into walls.
- C. Flush Valve Manufacturers: Sloan, Zurn, no substitutions.
- D. Lavatory Faucet Manufacturers: Delta, Chicago Faucets, no substitutions.
- E. Carriers:
  - 1. Manufacturer: J.R. Smith, Josam, Zurn, MIFAB.
  - 2. Provide carriers for wall mounted fixtures.
- F. Fixtures specified elsewhere, or otherwise furnished:
  - 1. Provide appropriate strainer, tailpiece, trap, waste and supplies.
  - 2. Rough in and connect only.
- G. Handicapped Fixtures:

- 1. Provide fixtures in compliance with the appropriate standard listed in Part 1.
- 2. Provide fixtures operable with one hand without grasping, pinching or twisting of the wrist, and requiring not more than five pounds of operating force.
- 3. Handicap accessible lavatories and sinks: Where piping is exposed, provide fixture insulation assembly. Refer to Section 200700 Mechanical Insulation.
- H. Sensors operated fixtures: In addition to features described in the Fixture list, provide the following features:

### 1. General:

- a. Provide with Infra-red sensors, solid state circuitry, 24 VDC operation.
- b. Provide battery operated fixtures.
- c. Adjustable sensor range, variable time-out adjustment.
- d. Filtered solenoid valves.

### 2. Flush valves:

- a. Wall mounted sensors.
- b. Over-ride button.

## 3. Hand faucet:

- a. ADA compliant.
- b. Splash proof electronic circuitry.
- c. Aerator/spray head with pressure compensating flow control.
- d. Trim plate for 4-inch center-set sink.
- e. Under-counter control module.
- 4. Manufacturer: Sloan, Zurn, Symmons.

## 2.2 WATER CLOSETS

## A. P-1HS - Water Closet:

- 1. Fixture: Floor mount, floor outlet, 16.5-inch height, siphon jet, elongated bowl, low consumption (1.6 gpf), 1-1/2 inch top spud. Color: White. American Standard Madera FloWise.
- 2. Flush valve: Sloan Solis model 8110, chrome plated, with automatic sensor actuation, over-ride button and battery backup.
- 3. Seat: Open front, commercial weight, heavy duty, solid plastic, stainless steel check hinge, without cover, white.
- 4. ADA: ADA compliant. Handicapped mounting height.

### 2.3 URINALS

### A. P-11HS - Urinal:

1. Fixture: Siphon jet, vitreous china, low consumption (1.0 gpf). Integral flush rim, wall hangers, 3/4 inch top spud. Color: White. American Standard model Trimbrook 1.0.

- 2. Flush valve: Sloan Solis model 8180, chrome plated, with automatic sensor actuation, over-ride button and battery backup.
- 3. Carrier: Floor mounted. No residential.
- 4. ADA: ADA compliant. Handicapped mounting height.

## 2.4 LAVATORIES

## A. P-2HS - Wall Lavatory:

- 1. Fixture: Wall mounted, vitreous china, 20-1/2 inch by 18-1/4 inch, front overflow, single faucet hole. Color: White. American Standard model Lucerne 0356.421.
- 2. Faucet: Electronic proximity, battery powered, deck mounted. American Standard Selectronic 6055.105.
- 3. Mixing Valve: Thermostatic, ASSE 1070 listed and labeled. Leonard 270-LF or equal.
- 4. Drain: Metal grid strainer.
- 5. Floor mounted carrier. No residential.
- 6. ADA: ADA compliant. Handicapped mounting height.

# B. P-10HS - Counter Lavatory:

- 1. Fixture: Counter mounted, vitreous china, self-rimming, 20-3/8 inch by 17-3/8 inch oval, front overflow, faucet ledge, single faucet hole. Color: White. American Standard model Aqualyn 0475.047.
- 2. Faucet: Electronic proximity, battery powered, deck mounted. American Standard Selectronic 6055.105.
- 3. Mixing Valve: Thermostatic, ASSE 1070 listed and labeled. Leonard 270-LF or equal.
- 4. Drain: Metal grid strainer.
- 5. ADA: ADA compliant. Pipe drain for handicapped access.

## 2.5 SINKS

## A. D-1 - Dental Treatment Room Sink:

- 1. Fixture is furnished by others.
- 2. Rough-in and connect. Provide traps, stops, supplies, and accessories. Coordinate with Owner furnished equipment.

## B. D-2 - Dental Treatment Room Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 15 inch by 17-1/2 inch by 10 inch deep, self rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. 2 holes at 4 inches on center. Elkay model DLR151710.
- 2. Faucet: 8 inch gooseneck swing spout with vacuum breaker, 4 inch wrist blade handles, 2.2 GPM outlet, 4-inch fixed centers. Chicago Faucets 895-317GN8BVBE3MAB.
- 3. Foot pedal controls: Tapmaster Model 1750 Hands Free Faucet Kick Plate Controller.

# C. P-3H - Single Compartment Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 19-1/2 inch by 19 inch by 6-1/2 inch deep, self rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. 2 holes at 4 inches on center. Elkay model LRAD191965.
- 2. Faucet: Delta HDF Commercial model 2529LF-LGHDF, 4 inch centers.
- 3. ADA: ADA compliant. Pipe drain for handicapped access.

### D. P-4 - Meds Room Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 17 inch by 20 inch by 10-1/8 inch deep, 3 holes for faucet, self-rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. Elkay model DLR172010.
- 2. Faucet: Faucet with integrated eyewash, 5-1/2 inch gooseneck spout, 4 inch wrist blade handles, 2.2 GPM faucet flowrate, ANSI Z358.1 certified eyewash integrated into spout with pull handle activator, eyewash flip top dust caps, separate supplies for eyewash and faucet. Speakman
- 3. Eyewash Thermostatic Mixing Valve: ASSE-1071 certified, integral check stops with filters, cold water bypass. Speakman SE-TW-EW with STW-370 mixing valve.

# E. P-5 - Single Compartment Lab Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 22 inch by 22 inch by 10-1/8 inch deep, 2 holes for faucet, self-rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. Elkay model DLR222210.
- 2. Faucet: 6 inch gooseneck swing spout with vacuum breaker, 4 inch wrist blade handles, 2.2 GPM outlet, 4-inch fixed centers. Chicago Faucets 895-300845AB.
- 3. Foot pedal controls: Tapmaster Model 1750 Hands Free Faucet Kick Plate Controller.
- 4. For Lab Sinks Only: With Owner Furnished Contractor Installed (OFCI) Plaster Trap PT-1: 64 oz replaceable bottle, Gleco GT-64 (Basis of Design), or approved equal.

### F. P-6 - Wash Down Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Custom fabricated, 14 gauge, type 304 stainless steel sink, 36 inches tall, double bowls at 24" x 24" x 16" deep each, rounded interior corners, with an approximate 12 inch drain board between the two bowls, 8 inch high backsplash. Floor mounted. Two faucets. See Sjoquist Architects EQ drawings for elevation view and additional details. Elkay Model LK50-5656 Custom.
- 2. Faucet: Wall mount, pre-rinse style with ceramic quarter-turn cartridges, check stops, 24 inch stainless steel spring hose, self-closing 1.6 GPM hand held valve control with spray head, pipe support, and hook. Zurn Z841X1.
- 3. ADA: ADA compliant.

### G. P-7 - Break Room Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 33 inch by 22 inch by 10-1/2 inch deep bowl, self rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. Coordinate faucet hole punching locations for faucet, instant hot water dispenser, and dishwasher airgap fitting. Elkay model DLRS332210.
- 2. Faucet: Single hole, single handle, with pull down sprayer. ADA compliant. Delta 9159-DST.

3. Hot water dispenser: In-Sink-Erator Model H-HOT100; 200 degrees F, 115 volt, 750 watts.

## H. P-7H - Break Room Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, 18 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 31 inch by 22 inch by 5-1/2 inch deep bowl, self rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. Coordinate faucet hole punching locations for faucet, instant hot water dispenser, and dishwasher airgap fitting. ADA compliant. Elkay model DLRS332210.
- 2. Faucet: Single hole, single handle, with pull down sprayer. ADA compliant. Delta 9159-DST.
- 3. Hot water dispenser: In-Sink-Erator Model H-HOT100; 200 degrees F, 115 volt, 750 watts.

### I. P-8 - Service Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Single compartment, floor mounted, structural plastic polymer, 23 inch by 23-1/2 inch by 13 inch deep. Mustee model 17F.
- 2. Faucet: Chicago Faucets 786-GN2BVBE3-2ABCP.

### J. P-12 - Pot Fill Faucet:

- 1. Faucet: Single hole, wall mount, chrome plated, double-jointed swing spout, 21 inches center-to-center. Full-flow outlet with single-screen design; 2-3/8 inch metal, vandal-proof, lever handle with sixteen-point, tapered broach and secured. Rebuildable compression cartridge, opens and closes 90 degrees, closes with water pressure, features square, tapered stem. 1/2 inch NPT female thread inlet. Meets ADA ANSI/ICC A117.1. Meets and is tested and certified to industry standards: ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1, NSF/ANSI 61.
- 2. Faucet: Chicago Faucets 332-DJ21ABCP.

## K. P-13 - Single Compartment Clean Supply Handwash Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Wall mount single compartment, 20 gauge, type 304 stainless steel, 16.75 inches by 15.5 inches by 13 inches deep, 2 holes for faucet, self-rimming, sound deadened, with strainer. Elkay model LRO2022.
- 2. Faucet: 8 inch center set wall mount faucet with 4 inch gooseneck spout, 2 inch lever handles, 1/2 inch offset inlets. Faucet has a flow rate of 1.5 GPM, and is made of chrome-plated brass material, with a quarter turn ceramic disk valve. Faucet requires 2 faucet holes. Ekay model LK940GN04L2H.
- 3. Foot pedal controls: Tapmaster Model 1750 Hands Free Faucet Kick Plate Controller.

# 2.6 SUPPLY BOXES

- A. P-9 Icemaker, Coffee Maker, and Refrigerator Outlet Box:
  - 1. Fixture: 18 gage steel box and cover, bottom water supply
  - 2. Piping: Bottom water supply, 1/4-inch compression outlet, 1/2-inch NPT or 5/8-inch OD sweat combo connection inlet.
  - 3. Guy Gray MIB1HAAB.

#### 2.7 PLASTER TRAP

## A. PT-1 - Plaster Trap:

- 1. Fixture: Poly bottle, 64-ounce size, extra bottle with lid, 1-1/2" x 8" tailpiece, 1-1/2" slip joint washers, 1-1/2" slip joint nuts, 1-1/2" flat washer, extra O-ring.
- 2. Gleco Trap GT64, marketed by Liquid Assets, Inc.

### 2.8 EMERGENCY FIXTURES

# A. EWS-1 - Emergency Eyewash Station:

- 1. Fixture: Counter mounted, in-line strainer, 90 degree swivel activation. Guardian model G1805
- 2. With ASSE 1071 rated tempering valve. Guardian model G3600LF tempering valve.
- 3. ADA: ADA compliant.

## 2.9 DRINKING FOUNTAINS AND BOTTLE FILLER STATIONS

# A. DF-1H - Drinking Fountain/Bottle Fill:

- 1. Fixture: Wall mounted, single station with bottle filling station, polished stainless steel, hooded stream projector with push-button controls, perforated strainer, back panel, 1.1-1.5 GPM fill rate. 120 V power connection.
- 2. Carrier: Floor mounted. No residential.
- 3. ADA: ADA compliant. Handicapped mounting height.
- 4. Elkay model LZSDWSLK or approved equal.

### B. DF-2H - Bottle Filler Station:

- 1. Fixture: Wall mounted bottle filling station, surface mounted, polished satin finish stainless steel, filtered, non-refrigerated, sensor operated, laminar flow, piped drain outlet, LED visual filter status indicator, LCD ticker display indicating water bottles saved, 1.5 GPM fill rate, 120 V power connection.
- 2. Furnish Owner with one spare filter assembly.
- 3. ADA: ADA compliant.
- 4. Elkay Model LZWSSM, or approved equal.

## 2.10 TEMPERING VALVES

## A. TV-1 - Thermostatic Tempering Valve:

- 1. Pressure regulating valve, integral check stops, supply and outlet pressure gauges.
- 2. Rough bronze finish.
- 3. Wall mount, no cabinet.
- 4. Maximum pressure drop 10 psi at 91 GPM.
- 5. Bradley TMV200 model S59-2200.

#### 2.11 FLOOR DRAINS

### A. FS-1 - Floor Sink:

- 1. Fixture: Cast iron, 16-1/2 inch square top, 12-inch deep, flanged receptor with acid resistant coated interior, nickel bronze rim. Dome bottom strainer. No-hub outlet.
- 2. Grate: No grate.
- 3. Trap primer connection.
- 4. J.R. Smith 3200Y.
- B. Manufacturers: J.R. Smith, Zurn, Josam, MIFAB.

## 2.12 ADA PLUMBING FIXTURE PIPING INSULATION ASSEMBLY

- A. Manufacturer: Skal+Gard, Model SG-100B, TCI Products, or approved equal.
- B. Description: Protective, molded, fire-resistant foam, single piece insulation manufactured specifically for plumbing fixture supplies and drains.
- C. Performance/Design Criteria: Insulation R factor 2.

### D. Materials:

- 1. Foam: 4.5 pounds per cubic foot.
- 2. Skin: White fire retardant polyurethane.
- 3. Twist fasteners.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLERS

A. Installer: Perform work by experienced personnel previously engaged in plumbing system construction and fixture installation, and under the supervision of a qualified installation supervisor.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before piping rough-in and installation.
- B. Verify that rough-ins have been provided, are correctly sized and are located within dimensional tolerances for fixtures to be installed prior to installation of fixtures.
- C. Interface with other Work: Review Architectural drawings and millwork shop drawings to verify correct fixture locations.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install piping and plumbing products in accordance with UPC and manufacturer's instructions. Provide seismic anchoring, bracing, supports, and clearance for equipment, piping, and sprinkler heads per UPC, IBC, and ASCE-07; most conservative criteria shall govern.
- B. Provide permanent metal and wire positioners, supports, and carriers to secure fixtures and piping rigidly in proper alignment without sway or sideplay.
- C. Anchor fixtures securely to withstand applied vertical load of not less than 250 pounds on the front of the fixture, without noticeable movement.
- D. Install fixtures plumb, level and to the finished architectural surface, so that the maximum gap between the fixture and the surface does not exceed 3/16 inch. Caulk the edge of the joint between fixture and surface with silicone or butyl type waterproof caulking compound.
- E. Install and connect hot water on left and cold water on right, as viewed when facing the fixture.
- F. Locate flush valve handles on handicapped accessible water closets on the wide side of the stall. Mount Accessible fixtures shown in the ADA guidelines to the heights indicated.
- G. ADA Plumbing Fixture Insulation Assembly:
  - 1. Insulate hot water supply and waste piping exposed beneath sink and lavatory fixtures designated on drawings or specified in this section, as intended for use by the handicapped.
  - 2. Install in accordance with ANSI A117.1.
- H. Coordinate plumbing rough-in with Owner Furnished equipment and fixtures.

### 3.4 REPAIR/RESTORATION

- A. Repair any product components broken during installation or startup with replacement parts supplied by the product manufacturer.
- B. Substitute replacement parts from other manufacturers are not acceptable.

## 3.5 SITE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Non-Conforming Work: Rework required as a result of failure to follow the manufacturer's written installation instructions or to properly coordinate with related Work shall be completed at no additional expense to the Owner.

### 3.6 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust functional components for proper operation in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations, or as otherwise directed.

## 3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean fixtures and trim to a clean condition. Obtain a written certification from the Owner that this has been accomplished and accepted.

# 3.8 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. Demonstration: Provide 1hour of demonstration conducted by authorized factory start-up personnel to the Contracting Agencies authorized maintenance personnel.
- B. Training: Provide 1hour of operational instruction conducted by authorized factory start-up personnel to the Contracting Agencies authorized maintenance personnel.

END OF SECTION 224000

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Furnish and install complete piped and wired Category 3 medical gas system.
- B. Section includes Medical Gas Systems consisting of Oxygen (O2), Nitrous Oxide (N2O), Dental Compressed Air (DA, CA), and Dental Vacuum (DV) systems. These systems shall be installed complete, ready for operation and certified, including necessary piping, fittings, purge ports, valves, cabinets, station outlets and inlets, rough-ins, ceiling services, gauges, alarms (including low voltage wiring) and all necessary parts, accessories, connections and equipment in accordance with NFPA 99.

#### C. Related Sections:

- 1. 019100 Commissioning
- 2. 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
- 3. 200529 Mechanical Hangers and Supports
- 4. 200548 Mechanical Vibration and Seismic Control
- 5. 200553 Mechanical Identification
- 6. 204100 Mechanical Demolition
- 7. 253000 Building Automation System Field Devices
- 8. 255000 Building Automation Systems
- 9. 259000 Sequence of Operations

### 1.2 PRODUCTS NOT FURNISHED BUT CONNECTED BY THIS SECTION

A. Scope: Make connection to Owner furnished equipment. Pressure test and certify Owner-furnished device. If leaks are detected coordinate repair with manufacturer and Owner. The actual repair of Owner furnished equipment is not in the scope of this section.

## 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Provide medical gas systems in accordance with the minimum provisions of the following codes and standards:
  - 1. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
  - 2. ASTM B88 Seamless Copper Water Tube.
  - 3. ASTM B280 Seamless Copper Tubing for Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Field Service
  - 4. ASTM B819 Seamless Copper Tube for Medical Gas Systems.
  - 5. American Welding Society (AWS) B2.2 Brazing Procedure and Performance Oualifications.
  - 6. NFPA 99 2015, Health Care Facilities Code.
  - 7. NFPA 101 2012, Life Safety Code (LSC).

8. Facilities Guideline Institute, FGI - 2018 Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities

#### 1.4 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide complete medical gas system for the facility, complete and fully operational. Comply with the Contract Documents requirements, applicable codes and standards, as well as the Authority Having Jurisdiction requirements.
- B. Final location of outlets and inlets shall be field coordinated and approved by Owner.
- C. Systems to be compatible with, and extension of, existing system, or new, as indicated.
- D. Contractor shall coordinate with phasing and temporary services as required for maintaining existing healthcare facility operational services, temporary connections, and routing. Service disruptions shall be coordinated with Owner.
- E. System Operating Pressures:
  - 1. Nitrous oxide: N2O deliver 50-55 PSIG at outlets.
  - 2. Oxygen: O2 deliver 50-55 PSIG at outlets.
  - 3. Dental Air: DA. Field verify with existing equipment.
  - 4. Dental Vacuum: DV. Field verify with equipment.

### F. Gas Sources:

- 1. Gas for purging and testing shall be NF nitrogen only.
- 2. Gas for final purging shall be provided from the Owner's supply source and shall be paid for by the Owner.

### 1.5 PRE-INSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements for general submittal requirements for the items listed below, supplemented with the additional requirements listed.
- B. Product Data: Submit product data for items and materials listed in Part 2.
- C. Materials Cleaned for Oxygen Service: Documentation certifying that piping components for all pressure gas systems (except dental vacuum) has been cleaned as if for oxygen service. This includes tubes, valves, fittings, and station outlets.
- D. Brazing procedures.
- E. Brazer Performance Qualification: Test records for each brazer used on the installation.

- F. System Certification Agency and Test Agenda:
  - 1. Submit Certification Agency's and verifier's qualifications for approval.
  - 2. Submit the Certification Agency's detailed procedure which will be followed in the testing of this project. Include details of the testing sequences, procedures for cross connection test, valve test, flow test, alarm tests, purity tests, etc., as required by this specification. For purity test procedures, include data on test methods, types of equipment to be used, calibration sources and method references.
- G. Pre-certification Report: Submit the Pre-certification report as required by the Quality Assurance Article below.
- H. Test Reports: At the completion of the project submit pressure test reports with the signature of the witness.
- I. System Certification: Submit a document that certifies that the completed systems have been installed, purged, tested, and documented in accordance with the requirements of this specification and NFPA 99.
- J. As-built drawings.
- K. Closeout Submittals
  - 1. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of valves, strainers, air vents, flexible pipe connectors, expansion joints, other components, and locations of access doors required for access.
  - 2. Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Manuals.
    - a. Refer to Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements, for O&M Manual formatting requirements and number of copies required.
    - b. Provide copies of approved submittal information for inclusion within the project O&M Manual. Include manufacturer's descriptive literature, operating instructions, installation instructions, maintenance and repair data, parts listings, and spare parts list.

### 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Record Drawings:
  - 1. Submit under provision of 200000 Mechanical General Requirements
  - 2. Maintain current and up-to-date red-lines, As-Built, prints of the medical gas system at the iob site.
  - 3. Approved full size As-Built drawings and electronic copy of as-built drawing files in PDF and DWG formats shall be submitted with IO&M manuals.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data:
  - 1. Submit under provision of 200000 Mechanical General Requirements

- 2. Maintenance Data: Submit a copy of submittal product data, the manufacturer's installation and O&M information.
- 3. Final Verifier test results and certification.
- 4. Valve and equipment schedules.
- 5. Copy of zone valve box and area alarm maps.
- 6. As-built drawings.

### 1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

# 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. See Section 200000 Mechanical General Requirements.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NFPA 99.
- C. Pre-certification Report: Prior to any installation work the Medical Gas System Certification Agency shall review the plans and report any conditions which would prevent them from certifying the system. Any suggested modifications should be included.
- D. Brazing Qualifications: Brazing shall be performed by individuals who are qualified per AWS B2.2 or ASME Section IX as modified by NFPA 99.

### 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements.

### 1.11 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: See Section 200000 - Mechanical General Requirements, for general mechanical warranty requirements.

## 1.12 PRE-BRAZING MEETING

- A. Requirements: Prior to the start of brazing conduct a job walk thru with the Owners representative and demonstrate the following:
  - 1. System materials are carefully stored and protected from contamination.
  - 2. Valves and fittings are prewashed and bagged.
  - 3. Procedures for cutting pipe and preparing ends.
  - 4. Installed piping runs have ends capped.
  - 5. The brazing purge connection and the plan for purging and brazing the piping system.
  - 6. The plan for pressure testing the piping system.
  - 7. The plan for testing the piping system with outlets attached.
  - 8. The location of purge ports at main shutoff valves.